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VOL. CVIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,166.

LOUISVILLE, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 14, 1907.—10 PAGES.

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The Courier-Journal

The Weather.

Forecast for Monday and Tuesday:
Kentucky—Fair Monday and Tuesday,
with slowly rising temperature.
Indiana—Fair and warmer Monday and
Tuesday; light south winds, increasing.
Tennessee—Fair Monday and Tuesday,
with slowly rising temperature.

THE LATEST.

A special from New York says Gen. J. Franklin Bell, Chief of Staff of the Army, a native of Shelbyville, Ky., is suffering from nervous breakdown and is being treated at the sanitarium of the ex-champion wrestler, William Muldoon, at White Plains, where Secretary of State Root was recently a patient. Muldoon says that Gen. Bell is much improved.

Notable among the events scheduled for this week in the inauguration of a regular transatlantic wireless service. William Marconi, it is understood, on Tuesday will open his stations in Nova Scotia and Ireland for the transmission of press and commercial messages between America and Europe.

Keen interest centers in the struggle for the control of the Illinois Central railroad between E. H. Harriman and his friends and the opposition, headed by Stuyvesant Fish, which will be decided at the annual meeting of the stockholders of that company at Chicago Wednesday.

Tennessee coal operators have filed complaints before the Interstate Commerce Commission against the Southern Railway Company, alleging discrimination in the distribution of coal cars which they claim forces them to sell fuel to the Southern at its own price.

It is said in Chicago that the attorneys of Stuyvesant Fish will ask for a temporary injunction restraining the voting at the annual meeting of the Illinois Central of stock owned or controlled by the Union Pacific. Mr. Fish refused to discuss the matter.

According to information from West Virginia, Senator Scott, whose elimination from the Republican National Committee was thought to be imminent on account of his unwillingness to take orders from the White House, may, after all, succeed himself.

Friends of the President in New York do not see how the Executive can give his support to the Hearst-Republican fusion in New York, especially as he sent Secretary Root there last year, who made a speech in which Hearst was roundly denounced.

The Rev. J. H. Wentworth, archdeacon of the Episcopal Diocese of Lexington, en route from the convention at Richmond, gave out an interview in which he is quoted as saying that he believes the Republicans will win in Kentucky this fall.

Another bothersome question which will confront the President upon his return to Washington is one raised by the midshipmen just out of the Naval Academy. Several of the midshipmen want to marry and their salaries barely support them.

The shortage of enlisted men in the army has assumed alarming proportions. Many of the companies have not 30 per cent. of their authorized strength, and very few have more than 50 per cent.

Gov. Beckham has received the resignation of R. F. Peak as Judge of the Twelfth district. He will accept the resignation to-day and appoint Charles Marshall, of Shelbyville, to fill the vacancy.

A Norfolk and Western passenger train and a freight were side-swiped in a cut near Montvale, Va. One trainman was killed and twelve passengers were injured.

One man was killed and the steel steamer John W. Moore was sunk in a collision between the Moore and the Queen City in the Detroit river near Detroit.

The Oceanic Steamship Company's steamer Mariposa, which was adrift without fuel seventy miles off Monterey, was towed into port yesterday.

The New York local of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union has decided to continue the strike against the Western Union and Postal companies.

Emperor Francis Joseph's condition became worse yesterday, and his physicians now fear an attack of lobular pneumonia.

The United States Supreme Court opens its fall term to-day, and there are a number of Kentucky cases on its docket.

The bodies of nineteen members of the crew of the steamer Cypress, which foundered in Lake Superior, have been recovered.

The President's party came upon a good sized bear Saturday, but owing to the absence of dogs the animal escaped.

Campbell Slem, the only Republican member of the Virginia delegation in Congress, died yesterday.

Street cars were run on schedule time at Henderson, but there were few passengers.

Solomon Frank and five daughters were suffocated at Gloverville, N. Y.

FISH MAY GO INTO COURT

Talk of An Injunction Against Harriman

To Tie Up Voting of Union Pacific Holdings.

Would Delay Annual Meeting Until Court's Decision.

FISH DECLINES TO TALK.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—It is possible that the struggle for the control of the Illinois Central railroad between Stuyvesant Fish and E. H. Harriman may be taken into the courts. To-day the attorneys of Mr. Fish were engaged in the preparation of a petition asking the courts to enjoin any person or corporation from voting any stock in the annual meeting to be held Wednesday next, which may be shown to be owned or controlled by the Union Pacific railroad.

The action, it is said, will be brought under an Illinois statute which prohibits one corporation from owning stock in another. The attorneys for Mr. Harriman have already declared, in view of possible proceedings along this line that the Illinois Central by reason of its special charter would be exempt from the operation of this law even if it were not a fact that railroad corporations are by implication exempt from its operation.

Will Delay Meeting.

It is understood that it is the intention of Mr. Fish to obtain a temporary injunction by which the annual meeting will be delayed until the court can pass upon the important question involved in the present dispute.

William Nelson Cromwell, formerly of the Panama canal commission, is said to be due in Chicago some time to-morrow in order to take charge of the Harriman interests if a legal battle should be precipitated.

Mr. Fish was closeted to-day for several hours with his attorneys, but would neither affirm or deny the report that he was about to instigate proceedings to restrain the Illinois Central stockholders from holding their annual meeting.

Mr. Fish reiterated his charges that the income figures for the road had been juggled by Mr. Harriman and quoted alleged discrepancies in the June, July and August reports as proof. There was a report in railroad circles that John Jacob Astor and Cornelius Vanderbilt had sent their proxies to Mr. Fish. This was denied by President Harriman who asserted that he held proxies from both these gentlemen, having received Mr. Astor's to-day.

At the meeting Wednesday directors will be elected to succeed Fish, E. H. Harriman and J. A. Astor, whose terms expire, and also to fill the vacancy caused by the death of C. B. Welling. A number of estimates have been made as to the amount of stock controlled by each of the opposing factions, but the result of the preliminary skirmishing will not be known until Wednesday.

STEAMER ADRIFT

WITHOUT FUEL IS TOWED INTO PORT.

Officers Row Ashore To Secure Aid For the Mariposa Off Monterey.

San Francisco, Oct. 13.—The Oceanic Steamship Company's steamer Mariposa, which was adrift without fuel seventy miles off Monterey, was towed into port this afternoon by the tug Dauntless and Relief. In addition to her crew the Mariposa had twenty-seven passengers, including several women and children, on board.

Last Thursday night the Mariposa exhausted her supply of fuel. On Friday First Officer W. D. Watson volunteered to try to reach the coast for the purpose of securing aid and a tow enabling the Mariposa to come into port with her passengers and crew.

Watson, accompanied by Seaman J. Wyborg, F. Brewer and J. Osterfeld, embarked in the wrecking boat, rigged as a yawl, with light spars fore and aft, carrying a large spread of canvas. Provisions for last one week were placed on the boat and every preparation made for the trip.

They headed for Monterey Bay and sailed straight for that haven, driven along by a fresh west wind, until they were about fifteen miles off shore. At 10 o'clock the wind died out, but Officer Watson could make out the coast line in the darkness and took down their sails and the sailors rowed to Monterey, where the captain and two men of the barge were drowned. One man, Fred Lunt, managed to reach the shore and was picked up by the life savers. The

BARGE STRANDED; CAPTAIN DROWNED.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 13.—A dispatch from Cape Henry to the Maritime Exchange here says:

George Saxon, lumber laden and which was being towed by steamer Kathadin from Georgetown, S. C., to New York, stranded thirty miles north of Cape Hatteras at midnight October 12. The captain and two men of the barge were drowned. One man, Fred Lunt, managed to reach the shore and was picked up by the life savers. The

barge appears to be full of water with the sea washing over her and the deck load of lumber is coming ashore.

PASTOR LEAVES A DIVIDED CONGREGATION.

The Rev. W. G. Archer Resigns At Evansville.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 13.—[Special.]—The Rev. W. G. Archer resigned as pastor of the Jefferson Avenue Cumberland Presbyterian church to-day. It is thought the differences between the union and nonunion factions had something to do with his quitting. The factions are bitter and it may take a lawsuit to settle the question of ownership of the church.

RUN DOWN AND FATALLY INJURED.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 13.—[Special.]—Mrs. William Spray, an aged woman, was run down by a heavy wagon to-day and fatally injured.

FOUGHT TO DIE AND SUCCEEDED

MARINE LIEUTENANT WOUNDS TWO BROTHER OFFICERS.

DRAWN SECOND WEAPON AFTER BEING DISARMED.

SHOOT HIMSELF IN HEAD.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 13.—Second Lieut. James N. Sutton, Jr., United States marine corps, is dead at the Naval Academy marine barracks, his death resulting from a thirty-two-caliber bullet fired into the right side of the head. A board of inquiry detailed by Superintendent Badger, of the Naval Academy, has prepared a report, which will be submitted to the Navy Department. From the best information obtained, Sutton, in company with Second Lieut. R. E. Adams and E. P. Roelker, returned to the marine camp at 1:30 o'clock this morning, after having attended a dance given at the academy.

Shortly afterward Sutton is said to have been discovered on the road near by with a revolver in his right hand and several fellow officers attempted to disarm him. This they succeeded in doing, but not before the weapon was discharged in some manner, and Lieut. Adams and Roelker received slight wounds. Quick as a flash, it is said, Sutton took from his blouse another revolver, and with this fired the fatal shot into his brain.

Lieut. Sutton was twenty-two years old and the son of James N. Sutton, of Portland, Ore. He was formerly a midshipman of the present senior class, but resigned in his third-class year.

HAS A MESSAGE FROM THE CLOUDS

GERONIMO SAYS HE WILL DELIVER IT TO HIS PEOPLE AT THE LAST WAR DANCE.

Tulsa, I. T., Oct. 13.—Geronimo, the famous Apache, a prisoner of war, accompanied by his eighth wife and his daughter, passed through Tulsa yesterday en route to Collinsville, where he is to be the guest of honor at the last Indian war dance and powwow. The old warrior looked tired and worn, but through his interpreter said it was trouble his mind that made him appear weary. Discussing the subject of his visit and the probable effect it might have, Geronimo said:

"The celebration at Collinsville is a religious rite and not a bloodthirsty affair. I will discuss matters of vital concern affecting the full bloods in the new State and their spiritual welfare. The spirit father in the clouds has sent a message to all Indians and I will deliver it to them while the dance goes on. I have made peace with my master and my theme is to lead my people safely across the broad field of peace to eternal happiness. I am no longer an old Apache warrior who kills and scalped white men merely for pleasure, but an old man, full of sorrow and regret."

CARS RUNNING WITHOUT PASSENGERS

THREE ARRESTS FOR BREACH OF THE PEACE AT HENDERSON.

Henderson, Ky., Oct. 13.—[Special.]—The strike situation of the motormen of the Henderson Traction Company is unchanged. There has been no violence to-day and cars have been running on schedule time with police protection, with a few, if any, passengers.

Warrants were sworn out to-day for Policemen Bartlett and Posey, by strike sympathizers, charging them with using abusive and profane language last night. Three arrests were made to-day on breach of the peace charges.

WEALTHY MEN AMBUSHED BY INDIANS.

Guaymas, Mexico, Oct. 13.—Jesus Brocamonte and Ricardo Robles, members of two of the wealthiest families in this section, were ambushed last night by a band of twelve Yaqui Indians. Brocamonte being killed outright and his companion fatally wounded. The attack occurred about twenty-five miles from this place and in the vicinity of LaCorona mining camp. The Indians escaped after robbing their victims.

CHEAP COAL FOR RAILROAD

At the Expense of Tennessee Mine Owners.

Charges Against the Southern Railway Company.

Cars Alleged To Have Been Held Back.

TO FORCE OPERATORS TO SELL

Washington, Oct. 13.—[Special.]—Three coal corporations of the State of Tennessee, representing ten coal mines situated in the Coal Creek district, through their attorney, Charles F. Diggs, of this city, have filed complaints before the Interstate Commerce Commission against the Southern Railway Company, in which they allege discrimination in the distribution of coal cars.

The complaints charge among other things that the Southern has taken advantage of the car shortage in order to secure its own coal at a price far below the current market price, and that this has resulted in great injury to the coal operators, as the railroad company has for over five years been able to dictate a price of a dollar and ten cents a ton at the mines for its fuel coal, while the commercial price has been more than double that at times and always in excess.

The companies which complain against the Southern are the Royal Coal and Coke Company, the Tennessee Coal Company and the Minersville Coal Company, all of Knoxville.

Coercion Charged.

The Southern, it is charged, draws very largely on the Tennessee coal fields for its fuel supply and at times secures over half the entire output of the Coal Creek district. It is alleged that the method adopted by the railroad company to force the operators to sell their output to the Southern is to give preference to those coal companies which sell to the Southern at the enforced reduction of price an additional consideration in the form of necessary cars to transport the railroad fuel without properly counting them against the pro rata share of cars due those mines in the general distribution of cars.

Forerunner of Extensive Litigation.

It is understood that these complaints are the forerunner of extensive litigation against the Southern railway on the part of numerous coal companies situated in the vicinity of Knoxville, as suits are now being prepared by Attorney Diggs and will shortly be filed in the Federal Court at Knoxville claiming damages. It is claimed that the complaining companies have no market except through the Southern railroad and that for that reason the alleged discrimination has greatly retarded development of the mines, and as a consequence has made it necessary for the coal operators to charge a higher price for their product to customers. The effect is claimed to be that those industrial enterprises of the South that depend upon the Coal Creek district for their fuel supply have suffered not only by the increased price, but also from insufficient and uncertain supply.

Attorney Diggs has just returned from Knoxville, where he has been for the past ten days preparing the evidence to be used in the trial of the cases.

SUFFOCATED

FATHER AND FIVE DAUGHTERS DIE IN FIRE.

Parent Loses Life While Endeavoring To Save His Children At Gloverville.

Gloverville, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Six members of the family of Solomon Frank, a glove cutter, the father and five daughters, were suffocated by smoke when their home was destroyed by fire early to-day.

The dead are: Solomon Frank, aged forty years, Sarah, twenty-one; Doris, nineteen; Rosa, seventeen; Minnie, twelve, and Mary ten.

The father lost his life in endeavoring to save his children, following the discovery of the flames by the mother, who with two small sons made her escape. The bodies of the other victims were found by the firemen. All had evidently made effort to reach the windows.

The oldest daughter was to have become a bride early in the month, and last night there was a social gathering at the home of the family in celebration of the approaching nuptials. The gathering broke up about 11 o'clock, and at 1:30, when all had retired, the fire was discovered. The origin is unknown, though it is believed to have been due to a defective chimney.

SUDDEN DEATH OF CONGRESSMAN SLEMP.

WESTERN KENTUCKY BAPTISTS MEET.

Gov. Beckham Will Accept Resignation and Announce Appointment To-day.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 13.—[Special.]—Judge R. F. Peak, Judge of the Twelfth district, has tendered his resignation to Gov. Beckham. He will be accepted to-morrow and the Governor will appoint Charles Marshall, a Shelbyville attorney, to succeed him. Mr. Marshall is about thirty-eight years old and has been a member of the Shelbyville bar for ten years.

Judge Peak will remove to Louisville, where he will practice law. He will be associated with Edwards & Ogden and his own name will be Edwards, Peak & Ogden.

Western Kentucky Baptists Meet.

Hickman, Ky., Oct. 13.—[Special.]—The West Kentucky Baptists' Association met at the Poplar Grove church, near West Tom Mahan, of Clinton, was appointed moderator, the Rev. M. E. Dadds, of Fulton, clerk, and the Rev. Singletary, of Clinton, treasurer.

The association will meet at the South Ballard church, near Bardwell, Ky., next year.

Amalgamated Association of the street and electric railroad employees of America, Peoria, Ill., was Toronto's closest competitor. W. D. Mahon was elected president of the order and all other officers were re-elected.

FIRST RAID UNDER NEW "BLIND TIGER" LAW.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 13.—[Special.]—Acting under the authority of the new "blind tiger" law Chief of Police Fred H. Brennecke to-day had his men raid the Manhattan Club on lower Main street and several men were under arrest on the charge of gambling. The liquor and gambling paraphernalia were confiscated.

MITCHELL WILL SUBMIT TO OPERATION FOR APPENDICITIS

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 13.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, entered the hospital at LaSalle, Ill., yesterday, and it is understood that he will undergo an operation for appendicitis in the course of a couple of days, when his condition becomes more favorable.

BEAR GETS AWAY FROM PRESIDENT

NO DOGS TO FOLLOW BRUIN THROUGH THE BRUSH.

NOT BELIEVED THAT MR. ROOSEVELT WILL MAKE A CHANGE.

TRAIN ORDER CANCELED.

Stambool, La., Oct. 13.—The whole countryside turned out to-day in expectation of seeing the President take his departure from Stambool for the south, but in view of his change of plans was, of course, disappointed. There were general expressions of satisfaction, however, over his reconsideration of his determination to move to Tensas parish.

General confidence in his success in the new camp on Bear lake continues buoyant, and the reports from there are uniformly favorable. Indeed, it is stated that a number of fresh trails were discovered yesterday, and that on one occasion the party came upon a good-sized bear, but that on account of the absence of dogs he made his escape. This hope is very strong that when the hunt resumed to-morrow either this animal or another member of his family will soon be run to earth.

Dogs Go Lame.

Many of the dogs used in last week's strenuous search of the barren up-country are reported to be badly lamed, and that an effort is being made to replace them with fresh animals.

It is not believed by the President's associates that he will now make any change. All will depend upon the developments early in the week. There is no doubt of the presence of the game now, but it is very shy, and may disappear in the presence of the hunters as it did from the Monticello camp. The order for the special train which was to have made its appearance to-day was canceled last night, but it will be renewed if the President manifests a disposition to go south. The Tensas parish people are reported as much disappointed over the failure of the President to carry out his programme for a visit to their section. Secretary Latta went out to the camp to-day.

AUTO TURNED TURTLE AND CRUSHED HIM

ONWELLER HAD JUST BOUGHT MACHINE WHICH PROVED HIS DEATH.

Morenci, Mich., Oct. 13.—Arthur Onweller, a merchant of Lyons, O., was killed in an automobile accident this afternoon five miles east of this city. Mr. Onweller had purchased a new automobile and to-day was taking his first ride in it. His wife and two children were in the machine with him.

While driving at fair speed he lost control of the machine in some way and it ran into a deep ditch, turning turtle and crushing him to death beneath it. Mrs. Onweller and one of the children, a boy, were seriously hurt. The boy was internally injured and has a broken arm.

CHARLES MARSHALL WILL SUCCEED JUDGE R. F. PEAK.

Gov. Beckham Will Accept Resignation and Announce Appointment To-day.

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UPSET PRICE FIXED AT \$20,000

Other Amendments to Home Phone Ordinance.

Promise That Mr. Williamson's Rate Bill Will Pass.

Refuses To Say Who Gives Assurance.

WILL TAKE PRECAUTION.

"By the terms of a compromise that has been reached the ordinance creating a new franchise for the Home Telephone Company is to be so amended that the upset price on the franchise will be fixed at \$20,000, instead of \$5,000. A clause is to be inserted, whereby the city will receive \$1 a year on each telephone over 6,000 operated within the city limits by the Home Telephone Company, and another amendment is to be added that will insure to the city a continuation of its present contract with the Home Telephone Company relative to the rate of rental to be charged the city for the use of its own individual telephones. The ordinance will also fix the rate of rental to be charged for business phones by the Home Telephone Company at \$6 net per month. The parties to the compromise are Mayor Bingham and those members of the General Council who favor the passage of the ordinance on the one side, and John D. Otter, president of the Board of Aldermen, and Loren B. Williamson, member of the upper board, on the other.

Compromise On Alleged Promise.

That which made the compromise possible was a promise, presumably on the part of the Mayor, that the above named amendments to the ordinance as it now stands would be made, and that an ordinance to be introduced by Alderman Williamson, decreasing the rates of rental charged by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, would be passed by both boards. Mr. Williamson said last night that in order to be sure of his ground, he would endeavor to have his ordinance passed on before final action is taken by the upper board on the Home Telephone ordinance.

No New Members.

As a result of the compromise, no effort will be made at the called meeting to-morrow night to elect in joint session two men favorable to the Home Telephone ordinance to fill the existing vacancies in the Board of Aldermen. Such a step is not necessary, inasmuch as President Otter and Mr. Williamson of the upper board have agreed to support the ordinance on the conditions named. This was the plan that would have been carried out, however, it is said, provided Mr. Williamson and Mr. Otter had declined to enter into a compromise.

By the terms of the ordinance to be introduced by Mr. Williamson to-morrow night, provided it passes, the rates now charged by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company on business phones will be decreased from \$8 to \$6 net per month.

Other rates that will be fixed by the ordinance follow: Business 'phones, party line, \$4 net; residence 'phones, single line, \$2.50 net; residence 'phones, party line, \$2 net.

Franchise To Be Forfeited.

As a penalty for the violation of the ordinance fixing the rate of rental to be charged by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company, the measure will provide that the company's franchise be forfeited, and also that it be fined from \$50 to \$100 for each offense.

And believe I have succeeded in selling the tangle," said Alderman Williamson, when questioned last night relative to the terms of the compromise and the nature of the ordinance to be introduced by him decreasing the rates of the Cumberland Telephone Company. "What I hope to bring about is a similar rate of rental on the part of both companies. By reducing the rate charged by the Cumberland Telephone Company on business 'phones \$2 a month, and increasing the rate charged by the Home Telephone Company to \$6 net per month, we will have both companies paying no more rental than they formerly did, the Home Telephone Company will have a chance to live, and everything will be lovely."

Who Made the Promise?

Mr. Williamson would not state yesterday who had made him the promise that his ordinance decreasing the rate of rental to be charged by the Cumberland Telephone Company would go through. He said, however, that he had received positive assurance to that effect. He said also that the amendments to be made in the Home Telephone ordinance were suggested by himself and Mr. Otter.

Allows City To Stand From Under.

"We never would have agreed to support the ordinance as it now stands," said Mr. Williamson. "I think practically every one with the exception of the Cumberland Telephone Company will be satisfied with the changes that have been made. The ordinance will pay every once with the exception of the Cumberland Telephone Company. By the proposed amendment that insures the city against paying more for its Home Telephone service than it now pays, it will save about \$2,000 a year. Mr. Williamson said that while he favors an upset price of \$20,000 for the franchise, he would be willing for the

company to pay this amount in installments.

No Hearing To Be Allowed.

Dan Coblenz, chairman of the Revision Committee of the lower board, in whose hands the Home Telephone ordinance now is, said last night that he would not call a meeting of his committee to further consider the ordinance before Tuesday night. He was asked about the proposed amendments to the ordinance, and said they likely would be offered from the floor. He declined to express his views relative to the proposed amendments. He favored the passage of the ordinance in the lower board on last meeting night.

Will Wait Awhile.

Prince Wells, alias a member of the Revision Committee of the lower board, who opposed the passage of the Home Telephone ordinance on the last meeting night, was inclined to favor the amendments proposed by Messrs. Otter and Williamson, of the upper board. He preferred to wait, however, until to-morrow night before expressing himself publicly.

Mr. McDowell Not Satisfied.

R. A. McDowell, chairman of the Telephone Committee of the Louisville Commercial Club, was made conversant last night with the terms of the compromise, entered into between Messrs. Williamson, Otter and others, and was asked what he thought of them. While admitting that the proposed amendments to the ordinance were such as to make the ordinance more acceptable, he asserted that there were still other amendments that should be added.

Fears Consolidation.

"The city should be thoroughly safeguarded," said "safety" in the consolidation of the Home and Cumberland telephone companies. The ordinance and franchise statutes provide such a penalty, but the ordinance, as it now stands, creating a new franchise for the Home Telephone Company, does not.

TELEGRAPHERS VOTE TO CONTINUE STRIKE

NO FUNDS TO SUPPORT THEM, BUT WILL GO ON.

BITTER ATTACK MADE ON PRESIDENT SMALL.

LIVELY MEETING IN NEW YORK

New York, Oct. 13.—The New York local of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union, at a meeting to-day, voted unanimously to continue the strike against the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies.

The vote was taken upon the suggestion of President Small, who, in messages to subordinate officers yesterday, pointed out the inability of the general assembly to further finance the strike and recommended that locals in the various cities vote upon the advisability of the men returning to work.

The meeting was characterized by bitter exchanges between President Small and the other speakers. The latter charged the national leader with inconsistency in first claiming that the strike would be successfully financed, and yesterday admitting that the General Assembly was without funds, and that he had come here to-morrow to explain his position, but was frequently interrupted by hisses. When he suddenly left the hall he was followed by a mob of men shouting "Resign!" To-night Small issued a statement in which he said he was willing to continue the strike if the men insisted.

About Carpets.

Nobody can undersell us in this particular stock and in most instances we undersell other people. We buy only the best and most reliable makes and offer them to the public at prices usually asked for inferior grades. We make and lay carpets with unusual care and guarantee the workmanship to be of the best kind. Drop in at any time and let us demonstrate the superiority of our lines.

John & Sons Co.
(Incorporated)

vs. Central Stock Yards, Kentucky Circuit Court; Morris Rosenfeld vs. Kentucky, Kentucky Court of Appeals; William Adair vs. United States, East Kentucky District Court; American Express Company vs. Mullins, Kenton County Circuit Court, argument about May 15, Chesapeake and Ohio railroad vs. Emory R. McCabe, Kentucky Court of Appeals, will probably not be reached at this term, with the following: Max Belliger vs. Kentucky, Kentucky Court of Appeals; Fidelity and Casualty Company vs. Southern News Company, Kentucky Court of Appeals; United States vs. Insurgent, Kentucky vs. Harvey Spinks, Kentucky Court of Appeals; Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company vs. Zach Leaf, Indiana Supreme Court.

Churchman On Politics.

Archdeacon J. H. Wentworth, of the diocese of Lexington, Ky., is in Washington en route home from the Episcopal conference at Richmond. In an interview Mr. Wentworth says that while he is not qualified to make any authentic statements on politics, he believes Kentucky will go Republican this year and next. He is quoted as saying:

"The fact that President Roosevelt has done so many things for our section of the country may have influenced many voters on national topics, and I do not doubt that the Powers-Taylor question may have lost some votes to the Democrats, although it is not such an issue as the outside world is led to believe.

"The ex-Governor simply showed a yellow streak and left the State, fearing that he might be arrested for the murder and summarily jailed. His action in running for Governor convinced people that he had a knowledge of the murder, but of late the majority of the people believe that he is simply a coward and afraid to take any chances. He would have made a poor Executive, and the State of Kentucky is none the worse for not having lost him as a citizen."

Army Wants Men.

The shortage of enlisted men in the army has assumed alarming proportions. Many of the companies have not thirty per cent. of their authorized strength, and very few have more than fifty per cent. The demand for labor and corresponding high wages cause the trouble in securing recruits.

The United States now pays its soldiers more than any other country, but even if this were increased materially it would hardly tempt men to enlist. Short enlistments are being offered, recruiting officers to be unimpaired sign of prosperity.

The Postoffice Department has the same trouble with the men who contract for carrying the mails. It is almost impossible for them to pay the Star Route carriers within the contract. Many of them have been unable to fulfill their contracts with the department and are in default.

To Save the Trees.

Gen. Dodge, president of the Grant Memorial Commission, has sent the following dispatch from Council Bluffs, Iowa, in response to an inquiry concerning the removal of the Grant statue in order to save the Crittenton and other historic trees in the botanic garden.

"I am in consultation with the War Department and appreciate the reasons for saving the trees in the botanic garden. I cannot determine what can be done until I hear from the department."

According to information from West Virginia, Senator Scott, whose elimination from the Republican National Committee was thought to be imminent on account of his unwillingness to take orders from the White House, may after all succeed himself. The State Administration forces are so busy with the situation at home that Scott is said to have practically no chance for his re-election as Republican National Committeeman.

Gen. Bell Is Ill.

A special from New York says Gen. J. Franklin Bell, Chief of Staff of the Army, a native of Shelbyville, Ky., is suffering from a nervous breakdown and is being treated at the sanitarium of the ex-champion wrestler, William Muldoon, at White Plains, where the secretary of State Root was recently a patient. Muldoon says that Gen. Bell is much improved.

Capt. Edwin M. Truell, one of the oldest employees of the Internal Revenue Bureau, died here to-day. He was a native of Wisconsin and a veteran of the Civil War.

Christopher R. Pile Dead.
Bardwell, Ky., Oct. 12.—[Special.]—Christopher R. Pile, one of the most widely known citizens of Western Kentucky, died at his home in Arlington to-day. He was seventy-three years old and was several times the Probation nominee for Congress in this district.

If you wish to be comfortable and successful, use common sense about food.

\$1,000,000 can't buy good health, but the proper kind and quantity of food insures a good stomach—clear brain and steady, dependable nerves.

Grape-Nuts helps successful people "get there." "There's a Reason." "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs. is worth reading.

EMPEROR HAS A HIGH FEVER

Change For Worse in Francis Joseph's Condition.

Physicians Fear An Attack of Pneumonia.

Ruler Begs To Be Taken Into Open Air.

TEMPORARY SUBSTITUTION.

Vienna, Oct. 12.—Although Emperor Francis Joseph's condition this morning was regarded as slightly better, it again became worse during the day. His physicians now fear an attack of lobar pneumonia. The Emperor's fever is higher. There is a feeling of depression among the members of his entourage.

A sleeping potion was administered last night, and his majesty slept until 6 o'clock this morning. After awakening he arose and was propped up by pillows in an arm chair. His temperature was below normal. He has taken considerable doses of quinine.

The Emperor repeatedly asked to be taken into the open air, saying that he had been used to it the whole of his life, and that otherwise he could not recover quickly. Owing to his condition, however, the physicians refused the request. According to the doctors the danger is from old age.

Temporary Substitution.

The establishment of a temporary substitution is planned for October 16, when the Ausgleich, or mutual financial arrangement, between Austria and Hungary must be laid before both houses of Parliament. This can be done only if the Emperor has sanctioned the bill, and as his majesty is unable to discuss the matter with Ministers, a temporary substitution will be necessary.

DIPLOMATS SPECULATING.

Keen Interest In Austrian Situation At The Hague.

The Hague, Oct. 12.—The news concerning the condition of Emperor Francis Joseph's health is seriously preoccupying the diplomats gathered here, especially the Europeans, but more particularly those belonging to the Triple Alliance.

A dispatch from Vienna received by leading diplomats yesterday says that the optimistic reports of the condition of the Emperor are issued purposely so as not to alarm the people, but that in reality the doctors are anxious, fearing the growing weakness of the patient which is due chiefly to indigestion, lack of rest and sleep, because of the cough. The fever is keeping above 100. The gravest danger, the dispatch says, which is not mentioned in the official communication, comes from the heart, which may be too weak to withstand the general depression. The telegram ends by saying that the feeling of regret over the condition of the Emperor, both at home and abroad, is most touching.

Visit Abandoned.

The Infanta Isabella, aunt of the King of Spain, who has been at The Hague for a few days and expected to meet King Alfonso and Queen Victoria after their proposed visit to Vienna, has been unable to leave, saying that owing to the "grave condition" of the Emperor-King the visit of her Majesty has been abandoned.

Naturally the conversation of delegates to the peace conference is almost entirely on the question of what would happen to the throne of the Emperor-King, who next year would celebrate the sixtieth anniversary of his accession to the throne, having witnessed during his long reign greater political and family catastrophes than any living ruler, from the battle of Comorin to the loss of Lombardy and Venetia, and from the insupportable infirmity of the Empress Elizabeth to her murder by an anarchist, beside the tragedy which led to the death of Archduke Rudolph.

Preparations For Trouble.

The diplomats, none of whom know the situation in Austria thoroughly, say that just because the dismemberment of Austria is the result of the death of the Emperor-King has been often predicted, it will happen, the authorities being prepared for such an event and having long since planned the severest measures to maintain order and to check without mercy any separatist movement, especially in Hungary, Bohemia and Trieste. They admit, however, that the death of the Emperor would have great influence on the internal and foreign policy of the Government, as his successor will not command the same influence over the people or have the prestige and sympathy they have accorded Francis Joseph.

Emperor Receives Minister.

The physicians made a physical examination during the afternoon and the signs pointed to the possibility of the development of further catarrhal inflammation. The temperature of the Emperor later slightly increased, but ministers failed to relieve the Foreign Minister, Baron von Aehrenthal, and also to give an audience to several high functionaries after which he dined, but could eat but little. The physicians are of the opinion that the loss of appetite does not arise from the fever, but from the pressure of the patient's confinement indoors.

His majesty remained up all day and was thereby better able to combat the disease. There are no signs of pneumonia at present, but extreme precaution is exercised to prevent a further chill. Owing to his age, the patient is more susceptible to pneumonia. No bulletins have been issued as yet, but the Emperor is stricken with pneumonia daily bulletins will be posted.

AGGRESSIVE

Campaign By Louisville Democrats This Week.

SPEAKERS ALL OVER CITY AND OUT IN COUNTY.

CAPT. HAGAN MUCH ELATED AT OUTLOOK.

CHAIRMAN FORCHT PLEASED.

Not Ready To Give In.

The Democratic City and County Campaign Committee has arranged for an aggressive campaign this week, both in the City and county. The Speakers' Committee has announced that several meetings will be held in different parts of the city every night this week. Owen Tyler, nominee for Mayor, will speak at nearly every meeting that will be held in the city this week. He will speak at a meeting on the Point and another in Portland to-night. Other speakers will be on hand at all the meetings.

The Speakers' Committee, of which Capt. Frank Hagan is chairman, was very much pleased with the open air meetings conducted on the street corners Saturday night. These will be continued every Saturday night, and the speakers provided the weather is at all suitable for outdoor speaking. Speakers have been booked for several places in the county this week. Well-known speakers, including Col. Bennett H. Young, have been assigned to speak in the county. The candidates will attend all the meetings in the county, and some of them will make addresses.

Pleased With Enthusiasm.

Capt. Frank Hagan, chairman of the Speakers' Committee, said that he was much pleased with the outlook for success so far. In fact, he said that the enthusiasm of the people was something that he had greatly exceeded anything that he anticipated. He is preparing for a whirlwind finish the last week in this month and the beginning of the first week in November. He said already the demand for speakers and dates for meetings by clubs has been a very pressing one. The trouble, he says, so far has been to provide for many meetings at the same night.

The Campaign Committee will meet at 8:30 o'clock this afternoon at the Tyler headquarters to hear from the committee members on each of the wards, and for the purpose of giving further instructions to the precinct workers. The speakers will be present, and the committee will make a report of progress so far.

Fred Forcht Confident.

"I have never seen such improvement in a campaign within two weeks' time as I have seen in the Democratic campaign in Louisville," said Fred Forcht, chairman of the Campaign Committee. "I am confident that we will win, and I am confident that the people will support us. I am confident that the people will support us. I am confident that the people will support us."

Roster of the Meetings.

Democratic rallies for the week are arranged by the Democratic Speakers' Committee as follows:

TONIGHT.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 15, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

THURSDAY, OCT. 16, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

FRIDAY, OCT. 17, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

SUNDAY, OCT. 19, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

MONDAY, OCT. 20, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

TUESDAY, OCT. 21, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 22, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

THURSDAY, OCT. 23, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

FRIDAY, OCT. 24, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

SATURDAY, OCT. 25, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

SUNDAY, OCT. 26, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

MONDAY, OCT. 27, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

TUESDAY, OCT. 28, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

FRIDAY, OCT. 31, 8 P. M.
Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

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Corner of Fulton and Campbell streets, 8 o'clock, (indoor meeting). Speakers by Owen Tyler, James P. Keeney and A. T. Burgevine.

man A. O. Stanley. He will make several speeches in the Second district and two in the First district this week. Judge Henry B. Hines, chairman of the Democratic State Campaign Committee, took better notice of the "1-2-3-4-5" stick, and otherwise voiced their opposition to the surrender suggestion.

UNANIMOUS "NO."

Chicago Meeting Followed By A Demonstration.

PROPOSAL THAT A COMMITTEE BE APPOINTED.

TO BE SIMILAR TO INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

SIGNIFICANCE OF TAIT'S TALK.

New York, Oct. 12.—[Special.]—An organization of manufacturers in this city has started a movement to create sentiment favorable to the revision of the next tariff law by a commission of experts instead of the present Tariff Commission. The movement is being carried on by the National Manufacturers' Association, which is a national organization of manufacturers in this city has started a movement to create sentiment favorable to the revision of the next tariff law by a commission of experts instead of the present Tariff Commission. The movement is being carried on by the National Manufacturers' Association, which is a national organization of manufacturers in this city has started a movement to create sentiment favorable to the revision of the next tariff law by a commission of experts instead of the present Tariff Commission. 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PURPOSES AND PLANS

International Sunday-School Work Discussed.

Executive Committee's Mass-Meeting Well Attended.

All Denominations Asked To Join In Movement.

NEED OF TRAINED TEACHERS.

A large and enthusiastic gathering filled Warren Memorial church yesterday afternoon at the mass-meeting called by the Executive Committee of the International Sunday-School Workers who are holding their sessions in this city. Owing to the unavoidable absence of Mr. Harshorn, the chairman of the committee, Mr. E. K. Warren, vice-chairman and representative from Michigan, presided at the meeting. Five speakers addressed the assembly, outlining the plans and purposes of the International Sunday-School Organization and treating in detail some phases of its activities. The work of teachers' training and house-to-house visitation received special attention in the discussions of the afternoon. Progress was reported in all the branches of the association's work, and a splendid gathering was prophesied for the International Convention, which is to meet here next June, with fully 3,000 attending delegates.

General Secretary, M. J. Lawrence, of Chicago, outlined the general aims and branches of the work of the association. The ninety-six men in the Executive Committee, he pointed out, represent all sections of the world, as well as many provinces of Canada and Mexico. He described them, figuratively, as so many arrows, each tipped with truth and feathered with love, all of them to be aimed at the bull's eye of darkness. The first arrow, he said, is co-operation. The workers should aim not to destroy denominational lines, but to reach and promote co-operation instead of competition. A second "arrow" is education, and this should include as its chief source of strength house-to-house visitation.

"This," he said, "is the highest form of denominational co-operation. Let us show that we care for all, not for narrow lines of classes, and that we work for one, but for many denominations. I should like to see a Methodist woman and a Presbyterian worker carry a delinquent Baptist sister to a Baptist church."

Value of Each Department.

Another "arrow" of the committee's quiver, he said, is evangelization. The Bible-class department has done valuable work, not only for itself, but also for the younger classes and for those not yet allied to the movement. Mr. Lawrence pointed out the value of each of the several departments of the Sunday-school organization—Primary department, Beginners' department, Junior and intermediate departments—and he showed how these four, taken together, form a department, should be used in winning converts by means of the cradle roll to Christianity.

"Get the babies," he said, "and you will have opened the way from the home to the church in such a manner that it will never again be closed."

Other phases of the International Association is attempting, and with great success, to send into the darkness, are those of temporary missions, of home and abroad and teachers' training. The ninety-six men on the Executive Committee form a nucleus of workers, and consist of enthusiastic and efficient men who come and go to the places of meeting at their own expense, and carry on all their work without any remuneration other than that of seeing the fruits of their own work.

The work of the association in the department of Bible-class training was discussed by W. C. Pearce, of Chicago, superintendent of the Adult Male Bible-class department. He pointed out that the idea of having specially trained teachers in Sunday-school work is of very recent date, since formerly people never suspected that anyone needed training in order to teach in Sunday-schools. But, just as nobody would send his wife to a learned school or to a blacksmith for re-training, he said, so we should not send teachers to Sunday-schools, and not mere scholars or untrained enthusiasts.

"We should select men who are of the home class," he said, "and who are of the home class."

House-to-House Visitation.

The house-to-house visitation that is to be instituted by the Sunday-schools of the county on October 24 was announced by the Rev. E. K. Warren, who presided at the meeting. He pointed out that hitherto the churches have contented themselves with aiming at salvation of souls by the preaching of the word, and that they have been thinking for a moment of how to reach them. There was no lack of numbers, but very great lack of systematic work. The present movement has been planned to supply the deficiency in organization and system, and the outlook for the year is very encouraging.

The meeting yesterday, while devoted to character, was marked by the spirit of the previous sessions. The committee, Mr. Warren, the presiding officer, proved himself a popular favorite by his ready wit and pleasant manner of conducting the business part of the meeting. At one time he announced that he had in his pocket an exhibition of mind-reading, and then, bowing his head, he asked who of the audience could read the mind of the speaker. A cry of "Offerings" far back in the church hit the mark as neatly as any of the "arrows" of the committee. The contributions were given freely.

Yesterday evening the regular Sunday-night services were held at the Warren Memorial church, and a large number of members of the committee attending here, while others visited different churches of the city.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL LEADERS OCCUPY LOUISVILLE PULPITS

Many of the pulpits of the city were occupied yesterday by members of the Executive Committee of the International Sunday-School Association. The visitors presented the claims of the Sunday-school and the triumphs of the organized work. Among the assignments were the following:

Justice J. J. MacLaren, Toronto, Ont., Trinity Methodist.
 Chairman, N. Harshorn, Boston, Trinity Methodist.
 General Secretary, M. J. Lawrence, of Chicago, Second Presbyterian and Warren Memorial.
 E. K. Warren, of Three Oaks, Mich., First Christian.
 Dr. George W. Bailey, Philadelphia, First Christian.
 W. C. Pearce, Chicago, Twenty-second and Walnut Baptist and St. Paul's.
 The Rev. Scott E. McMillan, of Michigan, Portland Presbyterian and Westminster Presbyterian.
 The Rev. W. Fred Long, Little Rock, Ark., Evangelical Lutheran and West Broadway Methodist.
 The Rev. A. P. George, D. D., St. Louis, Portland Methodist.
 William Hamilton, Toronto, Trinity Methodist.
 Frank Brown, Brooklyn, Ky., Walnut Street Baptist and Highlands Methodist.
 Hugh C. Gibson, Los Angeles, Cal., Portland Methodist and First German Evangelical.
 The Rev. E. M. Ferguson, Newark, N. J., Warren Memorial and St. Elizabeth's Lutheran.
 The Rev. C. Humble, Piquetteburg, N. Y., Chestnut-street Baptist and James Lee Memorial.
 The Rev. E. S. Lewis, D. D., Columbus, O., Chestnut-street Baptist.
 The Rev. Alex. Henry, D. D., Philadelphia, Chestnut-street Baptist.

DISTINGUISHED WORKERS IN BEHALF OF INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY-SCHOOL ASSOCIATION NOW IN LOUISVILLE



JOHN H. PEPPER, Memphis, Tenn. THE REV. WILLIAM DUNCAN, W. A. EIDAL, of Oslo, Norway. H. M. HAMILL, of Nashville.



H. J. HEINZ, of Pittsburgh. JUSTICE MACLAREN, of Toronto. H. M. HAMILL, of Nashville.

Red Men

Pay Tribute To Memory of Departed Braves

IMPRESSIVE EXERCISES WITNESSED BY AUDIENCE.

DR. ENELW TELLS OF VALUE OF MEMORIALS.

LIKES SPIRIT OF FRATERNITY.

More than a thousand people, including Red Men, their families and paleface friends, took part in the memorial exercises which were held in the city of St. Paul yesterday afternoon in honor of those members of the various tribes who died during the last year. The two principal addresses were delivered by Dr. H. Enelw and George E. Henshaw. The choir of St. Paul's church sang several selections befitting the occasion, and Mrs. G. A. Ellerkamp and Mrs. William E. Conen sang solos. G. A. Ellerkamp, pastor of St. Paul's, G. C. of Kentucky, H. Y. Cohn, Great Cep of Wampum, G. C. of Kentucky; D. H. Russell, Great Prophet, G. C. of Kentucky, and H. J. McFarland, Past Great Cep of the Red Men, were also present. The exercises were opened in an address by Dr. H. Enelw, who paid a tender tribute to the memory of the dead braves, who have gone to their happy hunting ground.

"At the conclusion of Mr. Ellerkamp's address, the choir sang 'The Heavenly Love Abiding.' This was followed by a solo, 'The Land of the Living,' sung by Mrs. William E. Conen and choir. This was followed by an invocation, after which John F. Surmann gave a violin solo.

Dr. Enelw introduced Dr. H. G. Enelw, of Michigan, former president of the World's Sunday-School Association, and W. N. Harshorn, of Boston, chairman of the International Committee to a large congregation. Mr. Harshorn spoke of the Sunday-school as the greatest force of the church and treated its history, its mission, its character, its work, its future, its hope, and its love. He said that the Sunday-school is the best of all things, good and true, it is when we meet together to commemorate our dead, it matters not how low sunk a man or woman may be, it is sure that the sweet recollections of father or mother, brother or sister, will warm again the whole being.

"And so, it is not in vain that you gather once a year in memory of our departed brothers. By doing this you lay a wreath of fidelity upon their graves, and you seek to perpetuate their lives with your lives by gathering up all of their best traits. You lay their best traits as treasure in your storehouse, and by so doing you try to perpetuate the lives of our departed brothers.

"You order your lives. You try to teach one another to be tender and good. You try to teach your orphans and to take care of the widows.

"There is too much bigotry in this world, and what is it all for? It is due to the clash of man to man, and I say to you that whenever men are banded together for the purpose of uprooting such bigotry and seek in place of such things to sow the seeds of fraternity, then they are doing well."

Proposed Long House.

At this point Dr. Enelw referred to the proposed Long House to be erected by the Red Men of this country in Louisville, and said it would be a temple of good.

Revering as I am to these Red Men, I am sure that in the history of the world, there is no other people who have so much to teach us as these Red Men. They are men of great courage, of great strength, of great wisdom, and of great love. They are men who have lived in harmony with nature, and who have lived in harmony with each other. They are men who have lived in simplicity, and who have lived in honesty. They are men who have lived in peace, and who have lived in love. They are men who have lived in the face of death, and who have lived in the face of adversity. They are men who have lived in the face of the unknown, and who have lived in the face of the future. They are men who have lived in the face of the world, and who have lived in the face of the universe. They are men who have lived in the face of the great God, and who have lived in the face of the great Spirit. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Truth, and who have lived in the face of the great Love. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Good, and who have lived in the face of the great Beauty. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Power, and who have lived in the face of the great Wisdom. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Knowledge, and who have lived in the face of the great Understanding. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Faith, and who have lived in the face of the great Hope. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Charity, and who have lived in the face of the great Mercy. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Grace, and who have lived in the face of the great Forgiveness. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Redemption, and who have lived in the face of the great Salvation. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Life, and who have lived in the face of the great Death. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Birth, and who have lived in the face of the great Burial. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Resurrection, and who have lived in the face of the great Ascension. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Descent, and who have lived in the face of the great Ascent. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Inward, and who have lived in the face of the great Outward. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Within, and who have lived in the face of the great Without. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Above, and who have lived in the face of the great Below. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Before, and who have lived in the face of the great After. They are men who have lived in the face of the great Then, and who have lived in the face of the great Now. 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TEN PAGES

MONDAY, OCT. 14, 1907

"Business."

Saturday Evening, Oct. 12—The New

York stock market broke today.

Low levels were touched, a record

made nearly every day during the week.

Today's final quotations compared with

those of a week ago show that seventy

active issues declined, none advanced and

none remained steady. The declines were

everywhere along the list, exceeding seven

points in a large number of issues. Some

reached to the lowest figures in cen-

tures, Louisville and Nashville sold be-

low par, a net loss of 50 points for the

week. Professional bears were aided by

not a little liquidation. Considerable of the

liquidation was effected by foreign investors.

Among unfavorable revelations of crook-

edness in New York traction affairs, caus-

ing considerable distrust of securities, es-

pecially in Europe, continued lightness in

money market continued. In all cases, the

market was more than offset by oper-

ating expenses. Unsatisfied collec-

tions in the money situation at Amster-

dam also influenced selling from that

quarter. Present price movement seems to

have discounted more adverse conditions

than are likely to come about, but con-

fidence is badly shaken and will take a

long time to restore. The New York

money market continues light. However,

improvement is generally expected. The

Bank of England and Imperial Bank of

Germany are stronger than they were at

this time a year ago. The Bank of Eng-

land and discount rate is 4 per cent, against

1 per cent a year ago. While no aid is

expected from abroad, a stronger position

shows a reassuring effect in this

country.

All grain markets continued strong dur-

ing the week. Influences to account for

the rise were the publication of the govern-

ment report showing not only a decline in

conditions, but also showing yield to be

lighter than the previous month's report

indicated, and heavy export demand. Nei-

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but since no excitement has resulted from the lynching it is not probable that a vigorous attempt to bring the murderers to the gallows will be made. The perpetration of this outrage reflects seriously upon the civilization of Mississippi. If men may be murdered in cold blood because they are charged with burglary, whose life or property is safe? If lynch law drew the line of its activity squarely at the punishment of clearly identified assassins the "determined citizen" would be a criminal, but when Judge Lynch passes upon cases of burglary, or loitering, the "determined citizen" becomes as much an anarchist and an exponent of chaos as the craziest bomb thrower.

A New York Fusion.

The Republicans of New York county have fused with the Hearst Independence League on a ticket for the county of New York. The League gets fifteen Judges and the Sheriff, while the Republicans get five Judges.

When the Republican convention met Mr. Herbert Parsons, chairman of the Republican County Committee, offered a resolution to appoint a committee of five to confer with a similar committee of the Independence League as to a joint ticket. In supporting this resolution Mr. Parsons said there were no national or State issues involved, so that a fusion with the Independence League could do no harm. "We are a minority party," he said. "Only on rare occasions have we carried an election in this city, and then only by joining hands with other organizations. Our inveterate foe has been and is Tammany Hall, and in every election our aim has been to save the city by defeating Tammany Hall. Alone we cannot do it. Shall we seek the co-operation of some other organization? That is the question before us tonight."

The resolution did not go through without opposition. Senator Martin

Saxe, delegate from the Fifteenth As-

sembly district, rose in opposition. He

said his district gave Mr. Hughes the

biggest vote in its history, and that

it was opposed to the

fusion. The Independence League is

nothing but Mr. Hearst, and when they

fused with the League they fused with

the man whom the standard-bearer of

their party in the Nation, their Presi-

dent, had denounced as the enemy of

the best interests of his country and

his State. He denounced the fusion as

a "shameful pact." He was supported

by Frank Moss, the leader of the Thir-

teenth Assembly district. He was op-

posed to making themselves the tail

of the Hearst kite in order to win a

few offices. Besides, he believed that

the alliance would leave them far be-

hind the Democrats when the vote was

counted. There were some other speak-

ers, pro and con, and then the resolu-

tion was adopted. The report of the

committee came in later and was ac-

cepted. The Republicans were not insen-

sible of the fact that such a fusion

would put them in a peculiar position.

The day before the convention was

held the New York Tribune, dealing

with the reported disposition to fuse,

denounced it in an editorial under the

caption, "An Unholy Alliance." It be-

gan by saying that it had not believed

the current predictions that such a

fusion would be made, but admitted

that circumstances pointed strongly

in favor of the probability that there

would be such a combination. It said

that it was not objectionable for the

honest foes of Tammany to combine

for the election of honest men to the

Assembly and Board of Aldermen; but

it added:

"Those who favor the proposed formal

alliance with Hearst of the organization

which is supposed to represent and act

for the entire Republican party of the

county say that this, too, is a local af-

fair, but that is not the fact. Mr.

Hearst's sinister figure looms large in the

contemplated arrangement. There is sub-

stantial possibility of its being subor-

ordinated in the campaign. If the com-

bination should be made it would arouse

the keenest interest in every nook and

corner of the county. And what would

be the result of such a fusion? It seems

to us that only one fact would be re-

cognized—namely, that the Republican

organization of this county, for the sake

of electing a few men to petty minor

offices, had stooped to increase the po-

litical resources and promote the political

aims, whatever they may be, of a man

who Republicans everywhere, through

all their agencies of publicity, have

joined with their national leader in de-

nouncing as a public enemy and, on the

whole, the worst influence in American

other hand, which has adopted the same rate, has but eighteen inhab-
itants to the square mile. The difference in the situation is very striking, and it would not be surprising if the result should be found very different. The great trouble about this sort of legislation is that it has been enacted with but little regard to the prevailing conditions. The example of Ohio, therefore, is good only for that State and others in which the conditions are similar. For all that, the results achieved are pointed to triumphantly as a proof of the wisdom of such legislation elsewhere, though it may not be pertinent.

Are You Lazy or Merely Ill?

A humanitarian, scientist, a gentle-
man, a philosopher and a friend in time
of trouble, is Dr. Richard C. Cabot, of
Harvard University, who says that men
who do not like to work as much as
they should work are not, as a rule,
lazy, but physically ill.

Over Dr. Cabot's brief for the leading
office boy whose energies are consumed
in growing we may pass lightly. No-
body expects the office boy to work
very hard except upon the morning of
the day upon which he desires to attend
the baseball game. We are in the habit
of saying unkind things about him, but
we do not seriously expect him to hus-
tle any more than we seriously expect
to be shaved by a dumb barber or to
meet a politician who would rather be
right than have the certificate of office.

The grown man is, however, seriously
expected to work six or seven days in
the week, and if his income is not up
to what his wife's idea of what a man
should earn he is quite likely to be
charged with not putting forth the en-
ergies he could command. The really
bright man who "has never made any-
thing of himself" is numerous. Is he
indolent or is he ill? Dr. Cabot thinks
he is ill. Since everyone in the world
would rather get on than be told that
he hasn't done what he could have
done if he had tried, Dr. Cabot may be
right. At any rate, there's a wealth of
comfort in this philosophy.

Dr. Cabot is a believer in fewer
drugs and more preservation of health
by judicious living and indulgence in
a reasonable amount of leisure. The
man who is lazy, as we understand
from the drift of the physician's re-
marks, should not dose himself upon
tonics and drive himself through his
work. He should take advantage as he
can of the hours he has for recreation
and build up his physique until he
brings the human machine to its high-
est efficiency.

Here is a prescription at once "sweet
to the mouth" and not bitter to the di-
gestive apparatus. If we are not get-
ting ahead of our fellow climbers on
the ladder we should not get down to
the office a half hour ahead of the
rest and slave during the luncheon
hour in the hope of promotion. On the
contrary, we should walk to the office
even if we are a bit late. We should
have a game of billiards at luncheon
and if possible a game of golf in the
afternoon. After a time we may find
our accustomed hatred of endeavor
wearing off. Our brain and brawn may
grow tense and our ambition intense.
We may feel not only that we ought
to be president of the concern for we
could be, but we're doing more detail work for
a much—or so little—a week, but that we
can become president.

There is no doubt a great deal in
what Dr. Cabot has to say upon this
subject. The man who is a little fran-
kized more of the time gets in the ranks
to stay, while his healthier comrade-
in-arms receives promotion for con-
spicuous deeds in the field. But the diffi-
culty for the neurotic lies in the fact
that the average office worker must
accept the alternative of toiling dur-
ing almost all of the daylight hours or
resigning his position. Generally speak-
ing he has advanced far in "inside
work" before his nerves or his stomach
sound the alarm and he realizes that
he should be out of doors most of the
time. The problem of getting out of
doors without sacrificing opportunities
are often difficult of solution. The vic-
tim of his own industry and the slav-
ery entailed by our hustling, uncompro-
mising, American system of doing to-
day what we should do to-day and to-
morrow, continues to drudge away for
a pittance, branded indolent and unam-
bitious.

About the only way in which Dr.
Cabot's prescription can be taken is
by considering the question of physical
fitness as well as mental fitness before
entering upon any given line of work.
The delicate young man who chooses a
sedentary occupation because it suits
him, his mental bent is not as likely to
laurels as he would be if he would
choose an outdoor occupation in which
he might build up his physique while
earning his living. Work rarely kills,
or seriously cripples, but work in over-
heated and ill-ventilated buildings may
do the one or the other. Perhaps a
high percentage of seemingly capable
men who go through life in subordi-
nate positions are kept down by phys-
ical unfitness for sedentary life. Few
of them can play golf, and not all of
them can find opportunities to get away
from the office grind and find in a less
confining occupation the vim without
which success is well nigh impossible.

Those of us who are in the ranks at
middle age and cannot find our way out
may get some little consolation by con-
sidering the diagnosis of our cases by
the eminent Dr. Cabot.

A Womanly Contemporary.

Fresh, crisp and unique a little pub-

lication call The Remonstrance comes

to the Courier-Journal's exchange table

from Boston. It is published, we are

told in an editorial card, by the Mas-

sachusetts Association Opposed to Fur-

ther Extension of Suffrage to Women.

"It expresses the views of women in

Massachusetts, Maine, Rhode Island,

New York, Illinois, Iowa, Oregon,

Washington and other States," we are

informed, "who believe that the great

majority of their sex do not want the

ballot and that to enforce it upon them

would not only be an injustice to wom-

en, but would lessen their influence

for good and impel the community."

On its masthead are the names of such

women as Mrs. G. Howland Shaw,

Mrs. Henry M. Whitney, Mrs. Eben S.

Draper and Mrs. Charles E. Guild.

There is a certain definite and de-

lightful femininity about the paper

in marked contrast to the strenuous,

masculine deliveries of the average

champion of suffrage for women. The

modesty it displays, the sentiment it

evinces, the gentleness and domestic

devotion it reflects have a charm that

smacks of old days and is strange to

the person familiar with the pleadings

of the Twentieth-century woman poli-

tician. The woman politician may have

a good deal of force in her argument;

she may present her case with con-

siderable logic; but, somehow, argu-

ment and logic seem feeble when pitted

against that sentiment which prefers

to keep women on a pedestal to be

worshiped by men as superiors rather

than bring them into the mire of

politics where they may be sworn at

and scorned as equals.

The Remonstrance publishes jubilant-

ly and boastfully that 37,700 English

women signed the protests sub-

mitted to the British Parliament

against the enactment of the woman's

suffrage bill. It finds gratification in

the weakness of the cause of women's

suffrage in New York, Maine, Oregon

and elsewhere. It publishes extracts

from various addresses made against

woman's suffrage. From one address

we call this passage:

"We believe that woman's non-partisan

attitude gives her the opportunity for

influence in the community which the

suffrage would destroy. The suffrage

bill is a bill of unreason. It is a bill

of unreason. It is a bill of unreason.

"We believe that intelligence and in-

tegrity of character are more potent

in governing women's wages than the

NEW TRIAL

Pangburn Shortage Case Reopened At Vernon.

HAS BEEN PENDING IN COURTS FOR EIGHT YEARS.

EDWARD DAVIS, SOLDIER IN CUBA, WANTED AS WITNESS.

TO TESTIFY IN DAMAGE SUIT.

After a rest of several years the suit growing out of the shortage found in the office of M. E. Pangburn, who at the time was treasurer of Clark county, Ind., in December, 1899, are to be again taken on at Vernon, Jefferson county, Indiana, which place the case went on a change of venue from the Clark Circuit Court in Jeffersonville. Nothing has been done in the suit since then, and the case has been lying on the papers and to restore them copies have been applied for.

The suits are against the American Street Company, which corporation furnished an indeterminate bond to Pangburn's personal sureties in the sum of \$30,000. At the time of Pangburn's election in 1899 he filed a bond on which were the names of many wealthy residents of Clark county, nearly all of them being connected with the bank of Clark county, which expected to get a good part of the deposits in the bank. The bond was made on the basis of an agreement that the bond there was an agreement that Lewis L. Chapman, who was then agent for the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad at Clarksville, should be Pangburn's surety.

Pangburn indemnified his personal bondsmen through the American Street Company, Chapman furnished the indemnifying bond to Pangburn through the same company. In December, 1899, it was found there was a shortage in the treasurer's office and on January 1, 1900, after the extra had been made, the case was given out that it was \$3,522.18. Pangburn went before the Board of County Commissioners and filed a written statement charging that the shortage had been stolen by Chapman, who in turn denied the allegation and denied prosecution. He was never indicted. Then came an effort to collect the shortage from the security company on suits filed in Jeffersonville, but these were not successful for several years.

A year or so ago Pangburn died and against the bank of Clarksville for the collection of \$3,522.18 which the bank had deposited and it had been wrongfully applied on a note of \$3,522.18 in settlement of the shortage. Pangburn alleged that the money was deposited with the bank and that the bank had taken the money and had not returned it to him. The bank contended that the money was not deposited with the bank and that the money was not returned to him. The bank contended that the money was not deposited with the bank and that the money was not returned to him.

The new found of the Indiana Reformatory is nearing completion. The structure is 20 feet long, and is of steel and brick. The building is being erected on a site of 100 feet long and 20 feet wide. The building is being erected on a site of 100 feet long and 20 feet wide. The building is being erected on a site of 100 feet long and 20 feet wide.

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SUBSCRIBERS DISSATISFIED.

Think Cumberland Telephone Company Should Equalize Rates.

On the ground discrimination is being practiced by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph company in Jeffersonville, a movement is on foot to test the rights in court of the subscribers to the telephone. The subscribers are dissatisfied with the rates charged for the same service than another. It is claimed that the law has been given in the case of the telephone company, and that the subscribers are dissatisfied with the rates charged for the same service than another.

Those at the head of the movement are subscribers who have become so recently and are dissatisfied with the rates charged for the same service than another. It is claimed that the law has been given in the case of the telephone company, and that the subscribers are dissatisfied with the rates charged for the same service than another.

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LEGAL FIGHT

Between New Albany and Street Car Company.

CITY SEEKS TO PREVENT LAYING OFF NEW TRACKS.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS WILL ASK FOR FEDERAL INJUNCTION.

BURNETT BLOCK DROWNED.

The New Albany Street Railway Company, by its attorneys, W. H. H. Miller, former Attorney General of the United States, of Indianapolis, and Charles D. Kelsch, of New Albany, has filed a bill of complaint in the Federal Court at Indianapolis against the city of New Albany, Jacob Best, Mayor; William Adams, Superintendent of Police, and John Connelley, Street Commissioner, of that city. It is alleged in the bill that an ordinance was adopted by the Common Council of New Albany in 1902 that gave to the railway company the right to operate street cars and lay tracks on all the streets of the city, with the exception of three.

A few days ago the employees of the company began digging up the street, with the intention of putting in a switch when they were stopped by the police force of that city, and the foreman was arrested on the ground that he had violated the city ordinance, adopted a few months ago, which prohibited any excavating on the streets without first having obtained a permit from the City Engineer. The ordinance was passed on the night of October 4, 1929, the Common Council of New Albany, and the city of New Albany Street Railway Company to enter or use its lines any street not then occupied by the city.

The plaintiff, it is alleged in the complaint, has the right to use the streets under its franchise, but the defendant city and its officers are threatening to prevent the company from laying the switch. The plaintiff is asking for an injunction to prevent the city from interfering with the company's operations. The plaintiff is asking for an injunction to prevent the city from interfering with the company's operations.

The annual meeting of the District Medical Society of Washington and Kentucky will be held at Maennerchor Hall, Louisville, on Monday, October 14, at 8 o'clock. The meeting will be held at Maennerchor Hall, Louisville, on Monday, October 14, at 8 o'clock.

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SUICIDE'S CURE

Belief In the Gospel, Says Dr. Beauchamp.

BRANDS SELF-DESTRUCTIONIST AS MORAL COWARD.

DUE MAINLY TO SINFUL VIEWS OF LIFE.

TOO MUCH SIN IN CITIES.

"The Suicide—Dieth He Like a Fool" was the topic of the Rev. W. B. Beauchamp's sermon at the Fourth-avenue Methodist church last night. Dr. Beauchamp pointed out the alarming growth of the suicide problem in this city, but throughout the country, and set it down in every case to sinful conduct or training in the past, which has given wrong views of life and a false view of the future. He pointed out the connection with the young of the city, Dr. Beauchamp pointed out certain faults in the moral life of Louisville, and declared that he believed four-fifths of the population to be lost if they do not reform. As a cure for the fatal of committing suicide he advised the people to turn to the teachings of the Gospels.

Dr. Beauchamp began his sermon by pointing out the fact that the suicide problem is a moral problem, and that it is a moral problem. He pointed out the fact that the suicide problem is a moral problem, and that it is a moral problem. He pointed out the fact that the suicide problem is a moral problem, and that it is a moral problem.

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CET IT OUT

Columbia Trust Co.,

Fourth and Main Streets.

Making a Record

Hydraulic Brick Co.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

HAS ONE MILLION OF ITS OWN CAPITAL TO GUARANTEE YOUR DEPOSITS

SIX MONTHS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED, BEARING THREE PER CENT. PER ANNUM INTEREST.

TO CHATTANOOGA

REUNION ARMY OF CUMBERLAND.

THE "FLAG SEDITION" LAWS.

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FINE OUTLOOK AT LOS ANGELES

Preparations Being Made For Coming Winter Season of Racing.

MANY STABLES ARE FINISHED.

Old Track At Ascot Selected As Training Quarters For The Early Arrivals.

HANDICAP MOST VALUABLE.

LATONIA SELECTIONS.

First Race—Field Lark, Coon, My Queen of the Roses.
Second Race—Orlando, Pointer, Stoneman.
Third Race—Voting, Nettle, Elance.
Fourth Race—Rio Grande, Donna Elvira, Warner Gravel.
Fifth Race—Collopy, Miss Sain, Stanley Fay.
Sixth Race—Ben Strong, Heine, Lightning Conductor.
Seventh Race—Melsar, Vane, Catherine F.
Two Best Bets—Voting, Collopy.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 12.—Work is progressing so rapidly at the new plant of the Los Angeles Racing Association at Arcadia that there is no longer the slightest doubt that all will be ready for the big call on Thanksgiving day or before. Already, in less than two weeks, there are ten stables almost ready for occupancy, while a number of others are on the way. In the meantime, work on the track is not being neglected; a force of more than four hundred men rushing the work day and night.

Application for stable room is coming in from all quarters, and carloads of horses are arriving on every train. That over 300 horses of class will be stabled at Ascot by the middle of the month, ready to move into new quarters in the near future, the old track having been selected for training purposes for the early arrivals. One feature of the new track which is impressing horsemen to ship here is the fact that there can be no possible interference during the meeting. Arcadia is a municipality entirely controlled by those favorable to racing, and the Los Angeles Racing Association is sure to be unopposed in the 100-day meeting while other locations in California do not insure the same security.

As far as the stakes are concerned, they will be by far the largest ever offered in Southern California, the California Handicap having a value of \$7,500, while the Los Angeles Derby is worth \$5,000. That horsemen are not slow to appreciate these rich stakes, is amply demonstrated by the early shipments and the constant stream of mail being received by the Los Angeles Racing Association every day in their new offices in the Douglas building. It is safe to say that by the end of the month, more horses will be on the local track than last year, and many as high in caliber as the best which ran at the Eastern meetings last summer. The complete stake book will be out this week, with no offering less than \$1,500, and the opening day stake will be the Pomona Handicap, at seven furlongs, with a value of \$1,500.

Noted Horsemen Retire.

On account of adverse legislation in many States against pool selling on horse racing, two of the enthusiastic horsemen of Memphis, F. G. Jones and G. C. Bennett, are to retire, says a special from Memphis. Mr. Jones, who is president of the Memphis Trotting Association and prominent in many business and banking concerns here, has resigned his position as stable of trotters and paces to the Madison Square sales in New York. Mr. Bennett, who has been campaigning for years in the Grand Circuit, this year and in years before, will go under the hammer.

Mr. Jones is considered an expert amateur driver and has competed at Cleveland, Easton, Memphis and other places, and it was thought that he might resort to some fast roadsters for his personal use, but his announcement that he will sell everything and, like his business partner and associate, will resort to the automobile for conveyance and driving. All of G. C. Bennett's possessions are throughout the State, but he has been in Eastern or Canadian tracks or where he is installed at Ridgeway, his breeding establishment in this county. The stallions, Kings Counsel, Intrusive and Abe Rank, and the good sires, E. and E. and Disabill, will be at the November sales in Lexington.

Bennett will sell all yearlings, but will keep a few two-year-olds for engagements he will make for them at the New Orleans winter meeting. The farm will be sold at a suitable purchaser can be found. Bennett came to Memphis from Mobile twenty years ago, and has accumulated a fortune through his poolroom operations and turf connections. Since the turf is a business in the West retired Bennett has invested in real estate and is believed to have added to his fortune by investments.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, selling.
Ind. Horse. Wt. Ind. Horse. Wt.
2484. Anna Rus. 279. My Queen of the Roses. 110
2473. Capt. Fear. 279. Malta. 109
2472. Belle of the South. 109
2471. Penance. 109. 2470. Mark Time. 109

RICHARD CROKER'S ENGLISH DERBY WINNER.

ORBY.

PICTURED reproduction of Orby, the American-bred horse belonging to Richard Croker, winning the recent English Derby, is being shown on the kinodrome at Hopkins' this week. The running of the race and the many interesting and exciting events in connection with it are said to be reproduced with remarkably good effect in the series of moving pictures. The film created quite a sensation with the sporting fraternity in New York, where it was first produced about a month ago.

LEADERS OF THE TWO GREATEST BASEBALL TEAMS IN WORLD ASSOCIATION IS LOOKING UP



MANAGER CHANCE OF THE CHICAGO NATIONALS FROM A PICTURE TAKEN JUST BEFORE THE OPENING GAME. MANAGER HUGH JENNINGS OF THE DETROIT AMERICANS FROM A PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN BEFORE THE FIRST GAME OF WORLD'S SERIES.

It will not be surprising if the American Association withdraws from the protection of the National Association, and goes along as an independent baseball organization, the name as the American League did when it wanted to become a major organization. The American Association would not decline war on the rest of the leagues, but if warred on they would be expected to retaliate. The association people would expect to recognize all contracts and work in harmony with the major leagues, unless forced to do otherwise, but they would not bow down to the dictates of the small minor leagues, who they claim have been obliged to do in the past. Should the association break away from the national agreement there would be nothing to stop them from branching out into new fields.

There is no doubt that a change in the circuit of the association would be made. It is known that the magnates—that is, a majority of them—would like to break into Chicago and St. Paul would be the club to place there on the North Side. Owner Lennon, of St. Paul, would hardly object to the plan, as he has not had a winner in St. Paul in several years. That would give the Minneapolis club a chance to occupy Lexington Park and call the club the Twin Cities, which would have a population of 400,000 people to draw from. The association magnates would enter Chicago, and they see their only chance to do so in breaking away from the agreement.

However, there is such a thing as getting into Chicago by using a little diplomacy. Why not apply to the two Chicago major league clubs for permission to enter on the north side of the Windy City and pay them for the privilege? The association could enter into an agreement with the Chicago clubs to deliver to each—the White Sox and Cubs—at the end of every season two players from the association. That is, the Sox would have the privilege of selecting any two men they might decide on in the circuit and the Cubs likewise, the same to be turned over free of charge. That would mean about \$8,000 each year, placing a valuation of about \$2,000 on each player, which should be a fair sum for the privilege of entering Chicago. The contract could be the present life of the association—five years—and then it could be renewed when the association reorganizes. That would let the association enter the city on a friendly basis and do away with all war talk. It would be better than to have the association become independent and force salaries higher than the major leagues. Above proposition is open to the magnates for consideration.

The indications are that Jack Doyle, who managed the Milwaukee Brewers the past season, will become a club owner himself next season. Jack feels that he does not want to manage a club or accept a position as a player, and he has decided to take a place on the staff. He has been securing the Dayton (Ohio) club in the Central League, and is now in the city. Doyle is a good man, and he has been in the business for a long time. He has been in the business for a long time, and he has been in the business for a long time. He has been in the business for a long time, and he has been in the business for a long time.

Tim Hurst is one of the most successful pitchers in the world. He has been in the business for a long time, and he has been in the business for a long time. He has been in the business for a long time, and he has been in the business for a long time. He has been in the business for a long time, and he has been in the business for a long time.

PREVIOUS WORLD'S SERIES OF PRESENT LEAGUES.

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October 24, at Boston—Pittsburgh 23, Boston 3.
October 25, at Boston—Pittsburgh 24, Boston 3.
October 26, at Boston—Pittsburgh 25, Boston 3.
October 27, at Boston—Pittsburgh 26, Boston 3.
October 28, at Boston—Pittsburgh 27, Boston 3.
October 29, at Boston—Pittsburgh 28, Boston 3.
October 30, at Boston—Pittsburgh 29, Boston 3.
October 31, at Boston—Pittsburgh 30, Boston 3.

October 3, at Boston—Pittsburgh 7, Boston 3.
October 4, at Boston—Boston 3, Pittsburgh 7.
October 5, at Boston—Pittsburgh 4, Boston 3.
October 6, at Boston—Pittsburgh 5, Boston 3.
October 7, at Boston—Pittsburgh 6, Boston 3.
October 8, at Boston—Pittsburgh 7, Boston 3.
October 9, at Boston—Pittsburgh 8, Boston 3.
October 10, at Boston—Pittsburgh 9, Boston 3.
October 11, at Boston—Pittsburgh 10, Boston 3.
October 12, at Boston—Pittsburgh 11, Boston 3.
October 13, at Boston—Pittsburgh 12, Boston 3.
October 14, at Boston—Pittsburgh 13, Boston 3.
October 15, at Boston—Pittsburgh 14, Boston 3.
October 16, at Boston—Pittsburgh 15, Boston 3.
October 17, at Boston—Pittsburgh 16, Boston 3.
October 18, at Boston—Pittsburgh 17, Boston 3.
October 19, at Boston—Pittsburgh 18, Boston 3.
October 20, at Boston—Pittsburgh 19, Boston 3.
October 21, at Boston—Pittsburgh 20, Boston 3.
October 22, at Boston—Pittsburgh 21, Boston 3.
October 23, at Boston—Pittsburgh 22, Boston 3.
October 24, at Boston—Pittsburgh 23, Boston 3.
October 25, at Boston—Pittsburgh 24, Boston 3.
October 26, at Boston—Pittsburgh 25, Boston 3.
October 27, at Boston—Pittsburgh 26, Boston 3.
October 28, at Boston—Pittsburgh 27, Boston 3.
October 29, at Boston—Pittsburgh 28, Boston 3.
October 30, at Boston—Pittsburgh 29, Boston 3.
October 31, at Boston—Pittsburgh 30, Boston 3.

October 3, at Boston—Pittsburgh 7, Boston 3.
October 4, at Boston—Boston 3, Pittsburgh 7.
October 5, at Boston—Pittsburgh 4, Boston 3.
October 6, at Boston—Pittsburgh 5, Boston 3.
October 7, at Boston—Pittsburgh 6, Boston 3.
October 8, at Boston—Pittsburgh 7, Boston 3.
October 9, at Boston—Pittsburgh 8, Boston 3.
October 10, at Boston—Pittsburgh 9, Boston 3.
October 11, at Boston—Pittsburgh 10, Boston 3.
October 12, at Boston—Pittsburgh 11, Boston 3.
October 13, at Boston—Pittsburgh 12, Boston 3.
October 14, at Boston—Pittsburgh 13, Boston 3.
October 15, at Boston—Pittsburgh 14, Boston 3.
October 16, at Boston—Pittsburgh 15, Boston 3.
October 17, at Boston—Pittsburgh 16, Boston 3.
October 18, at Boston—Pittsburgh 17, Boston 3.
October 19, at Boston—Pittsburgh 18, Boston 3.
October 20, at Boston—Pittsburgh 19, Boston 3.
October 21, at Boston—Pittsburgh 20, Boston 3.
October 22, at Boston—Pittsburgh 21, Boston 3.
October 23, at Boston—Pittsburgh 22, Boston

FOR SALE—
Two Model

We can make the machines 2-Letter Machines, if desired. For terms address LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL CO., Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE

Steel Chases
 Sizes Used by Courier-
 Journal and Times.
Address Courier-Journal Co.
 STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.
 STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI
 and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily
Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Super-
LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE PACK-
ET CO. RESUMPTION OF DAILY
service between Louisville and Evans-
more, Evansville, lower Ohio and al-
way landings, daily except Sunday at
Both phones 426-57.

PROPOSALS.

PRINTING AND BINDING REPORTS
OF THE DECISIONS OF THE COURT
OF APPEALS OF KENTUCKY.

Sealed proposals for the printing and
binding of the reports of the Court of
Appeals of Kentucky, for the year 1907,
will be received by the State Printer,
Louisville, Ky., up to and including
Monday in January, 1908, or
up to and up to 16th day of November, 1907, at
any time between the hours of 10 a. m.
and 4 p. m.

The work is to be done in accordance
with the specifications attached to the
retary of the Board. A copy of the spec-
ifications will be mailed to anyone
upon application to the State Printer,
Louisville, Ky.

W. H. C. O'REAR,
State Printer.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.
Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.	
.....
Minneapolis	1:14pm
St. Paul	1:24pm
Minneapolis	1:50pm
St. Paul	2:00pm
Mobile and New Orleans	2:30pm
St. Louis and Port of Spain	2:40pm
New Orleans and Memphis	3:10pm
St. Louis and Port of Spain	3:20pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	4:00pm
St. Louis and Port of Spain	4:10pm
Knoxville and Atlanta	4:30pm
St. Louis and Port of Spain	4:40pm
Minneapolis, Frankfurt and	5:10pm
Frankfurt and Lexington	5:30pm
St. Louis and Springfield	5:40pm
Lexington and Springfield	5:50pm

Trains Leave.

Lebanon and Greensburg.....	6:30pm	10:00am
From First and Water-Street Station.		
Cincinnati.....		7:45pm
Frankfort Accommodation...	7:50pm	9:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield...	8:00pm	8:15am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield...	8:00am	8:35pm

SUBURBAN LIVES TIME TABLES
 effect June 1, 1907.

Prospect Division—Car leave Louisville on the half hour for Camden, Ellettsville, Nashville, Chicago, St. Louis, Springfield and Lagrange on 6:30 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. on week days. Car leave Lagrange on the hour from 6 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. on week days. Car leave between Louisville, Anchorage, St. Louis, Springfield and Lagrange on 6:30 p. m. to 11:30 p. m. on week days. Car leave on the hour for West bound from 6 a. m. to 8 p. m. on week days.

Prospect Division—Car leave for Prospect at 6:30 a. m. on the hour and half hour from 6:30 a. m. to 11:30 p. m. on week days. Car Sunday at 10 p. m. Extra cars on Saturday and Sunday at 11:30 p. m. Car leave Louisville at 6:30 a. m. and ten minutes before and after on week days. Car leave at 11:30 p. m. on week days. Car leave at 10:30 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. daily. Last car leave at 11:30 p. m. on week days. Car leave at night at 10:30 and 11:30 and Monday night at 11:30 p. m.

Station at 6 and 7 a.m., and fifteen minute after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a.m. and 9:15 p.m. Last car Sunday night a 10:15 and Saturday night at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 6 and 7 a.m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a.m. and 10:15 p.m., and

11:15 Sun. night and 12:15 Saturday night.
Daily. Leave Oklahoma City 7:15 a. m.,
Salt River Division—Cars leave for Okla-
homa City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m., 1:15 p. m.,
hours of 4:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., daily. La-
veille leaves Orell at 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
Saturday, when last car leaves at 7:10 p. m.
Leave Oklahoma City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
times after each hour, between the hours of
1:15 p. m. and 7:15 p. m., daily. Last car
leaves Orell at 7:10 p. m., daily except
Saturdays.
Oklahoma Division—Cars leave for Okla-
homa City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m., 1:15 p. m.,
hours of 5:45 a. m. and 7:35 p. m., daily. La-
veille leaves Orell at 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
Saturday, when last car leaves at 7:10 p. m.
Oklahoma for Louisville fifteen minutes. Arrive
Louisville 11:15 a. m., 1:15 p. m., 3:15 p. m.,
5:15 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leave
Oklahoma at 6:45 p. m., daily.

SOUTHERN RAILROAD—ST. LOUIS DIVISION
Ticket Office 224 Fourth avenue.
Trains for St. Louis arrive 11:15 a. m.,
only as information and are not guaranteed.
Leave Oklahoma City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
Huntingburg, Hosport, Cannelton and
St. Louis.
To a daily—St. Louis Special—Brannsville
leave Oklahoma City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
daily—Brannsville Limited—Hosport
leave Oklahoma City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
10:15 p. m., daily—St. Louis Limited—
Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Cannelton and St.
Louis.
Trains from St. Louis arrive 7:10 a. m. and
11:15 a. m., daily. Last car from St. Louis
local stations arrive 12:25 p. m., 5:55 p. m.
and 11:15 p. m., daily.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST
Leave Oklahoma City 7:15 a. m., 11:15 a. m.,
10:15 p. m., daily—St. Louis Limited—
Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Cannelton and St.
Louis.

7:50 a. m. daily—Florida Limited—Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Southeast and Florida.
4:25 p. m. daily—Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.
7:45 p. m.—Florida Special—Lawrenceburg, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville.

Trains from Lexington and local stations at
arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from
Lexington arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.
Trains from the South
arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot
Seventh and river. City ticket office. Fourth
and Market. Effective Sunday, May 5, 1907,
leave
Memphis and New Orleans. 9:40pm. 7:51pm.
Memphis and New Orleans. 12:01pm. 8:53pm.
New Orleans and Memphis. 12:01pm. 8:53pm.
Central City Accom. 5:30pm. 8:20pm.
Elizabethtown and Hodgkin.
Elizabethtown and Hodgkin.
Hodgkin and Elizabethtown.
Osbensboro.
Hennepinville.
California points, through

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—	
East.	West.
Lv. Louisville (Sou. Ry.) 7:30am Arr.	9:00pm
Lv. Versailles (L. & A.) 12:00am Arr.	9:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville 12:45pm Arr.	4:45pm

Lv. Richmond	1:10pm Arr.	3:50pm
Lv. Irvine	2:50pm Arr.	2:40pm
Arr Beattyville	4:30pm Lv.	1:00pm
All trains daily except Sunday.		

Get rid of malaria. Wintersmitt
Chill Tonic will do it.

New Galt House pref.....	93	193	for very much setback in business and we	banks. Foreign exchange also continued to ad-
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	13	14	believe that good stocks should be bought on	vance to-day.
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref.	41	44	such occasions as to-day to lay away for in-	

heavy reinforcements at the discharge of some 20,000 men, heavy calling of loans by the banks, with the usual rumor of trouble to individuals and furthermore, rather heavy selling of stocks for foreign account.—(C. I. Hud-

active on buying side, but disposed to accept stocks only as offered, and they made no bid to bid prices up. The early report that the cutting of expenses had been ordered on the Hartford was not influential considerably in selling on the publication of a denial by Mr. Harriman. Union Pacific recovered sharply and the general list also made considerable improvement. The bank statement proved to be better than ex-

pected. **Oct. 12 (Special).—**Clearings \$70,185; balances \$76,790. Call money 6 per cent. New York exchange 83c premium 14, 40c premium asked.

Chincinnati, Oct. 12 (Special).—Clearings \$4,260,500. New York exchange par. Collateral loans 5 1/8 per cent.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 12 (Special).—Clear-

Treasury Statement.
Washington, Oct. 12.—Today's statement of

very materially strengthened. Banking interests seem to believe that stocks are being wanted for speculative purposes, and it is probable that they will give determined support in the next few days and turn the tide of the reaction. (A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridge & Co.)

New York.—The market was virtually demoralized during the day. Prices broke violently, settling the leading stocks down 3 3/4 points, while the general average fell 1 1/2 points. Orders were uncovered all around. New records were made in a majority of the stocks.

There was an general that specific reference to individual cases, but not to the market, probably the most bearish news came from San Francisco, confirming the report that Harrison had telegraphed to general all his roads to cut down expenses immediately in every department where possible, owing to the situation.

There was a general feeling of gloom and irregular and near the bottom.—(Mines & Co. to Herman F. Monroe & Co.)

New York.—The market during the past week recorded general and substantial declines. Very little was done in the market, and is largely responsible for the fresh wave of liquidation, namely, the astounding revelations of the local real estate market.

Officials whose action must logically have been very foreign selling interests. Not only was money foregone by various individuals, but the fact that they were from operations of the fact that

Gold coin and bullion.....	\$240,000.00
Gold certificates.....	4,488,413.00
	\$4,728,413.00

Weekly Bank Statement.

New York, Oct. 12.—The statement of clearing-house banks for the week shows that the reserve of \$100,000,000 more than the legal reserve requirements.....

Oct. 5 to 11, 1907.....	\$75,375,000	as compared with last week.....	\$75,375,000
Loans.....	\$1,083,040,000	\$1,069,000,000	
Deposits.....	1,029,070,000	1,050,000,000	
Legal tenders.....	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	
Legal tenders.....	62,008,000	6,908,000	
Reserve.....	231,107,000	84,500,000	
Reserve required.....	100,000,000	100,000,000	
Surplus.....	4,624,500	2,007,318	
Ex-U. S. deposits.....	12,027,300	2,200,550	

"Increase."

The Financier will say: "Last week's official statement of the New York associated banks, which was submitted to the public, compared with the exhibit of the previous week. Though the cash decreased, the loss thereof was made up by an increase in deposits. It is upon the basis of the traceable movements of money during the week. The required reserve was reduced by quite an important amount through the sale of securities, and the result showed a gain in surplus arising by a comparatively substantial sum. The cash loss, as previously stated, was \$10,000,000, and \$100,000,000. Several deposits fell off \$10,000,500; this

This revelation bears out claims of President Hoover that the "collapse of the economy" was not the result of the "loss of the confidence of the public in the dollar," but rather of the "loss of confidence in the government." It is also a further illustration of the fact that the "loss of confidence in the government" was the result of the "loss of confidence in the government."

gold exports. Next week the Amalgamated Copper dividend meeting, Illinois Central meeting.

restlessness of labor, now beginning to appear, and money affairs will be prominent factors in the market. The following is a comparison of prices now current with those reported as highest early this year, those in turn in many cases far below the best quotations of the bull market of 1906. We believe the conservative buyer at present figures has little reason to anticipate anything but tremendous profits.—(Emitt & Stoppini to E. H. Morgan & Co.)

New York.—There is not much to be said about this market except that it was a continuation of the previous one.

On Saturday, reflecting Friday's business, were \$254,995,162. Comparisons of future by individual firms show a general decline. The following abstracted this item by \$9,000,000 net; five banks lost \$1,000,000 net each.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.			
	Sales.	High.	Low.
Adams Express.....	173	173	173
Amal. Cooper.....	51,000	51 1/2	50 3/4
Am. Coal & Oil.....	100	85 1/2	85 1/2
Do preferred.....	400	85	85

union of the liquidation which has been so	Am'n Cotton Oil	200	200	100	80
much in evidence during the entire week.	American Express	100	100	100	100
During the first, time the market for pa-	Am'n Gas	100	100	100	100
nio prices made a new low record to-day.	Am. Ice Securities	100	100	100	100
The excuse given was that the Harriman in-	Do preferred	100	184	184	184
vestigation had to stop improved, there-	Do preferred	100	184	184	184
fore, the market for the first time, after	Do preferred	100	184	184	184
laying off 20,000 men. The usual technical	Do preferred	100	184	184	184
dema of this piece of news was forthcoming.	Do preferred	100	184	184	184
There was a general feeling that the mar-	Do preferred	100	184	184	184
ket would be better off than it was, and	Am Tob. pf. cts.	100	74	74	74
ago, against \$15,000,000 last year, and there-	American	100	74	74	74
fore there is still no food in sight to warrant	American	100	74	74	74
any more advanced action.	American	100	74	74	74
It is not, however, a question of the friends	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
in position to give us anything more	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
than what is naturally coming to us for ex-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
port.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no commodity further business	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
contraction and a long-drawn-out process	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
which the banks will have a chance to accu-	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
mulate.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
There is no funds, will be necessary before we	Do preferred	100	74	74	74
can have a permanent market.	Do preferred	100	74	74	74

He	were noted.	The professional element was on top of the market at all times and stop orders uncovered. It was a liquidating affair and simple.
It	was the professional element and it will have to run its course. At this level, however, we would advise caution against selling on the break—	
(W. L. Lyons & Co.)		
New York.—The liquidation and short selling which was resumed in the market early in the week, following the traction disclosures, continued unabated throughout the day's trading as prices ebbed and flowed.		
It	is very discouraging, coming as it does after ten months of continual declining prices. When today's figures are compared with those of two years ago it has to be said that the country has not been through a war.	

Do preferred	700	61	62	62
National Lead	1,900	42	43	44
First National	1,000	22	23	24
N. Y. Central	11,300	100	100	100
N. Y. C. and W.	1,400	30	30	30
Atlantic City	400	30	30	30
Do preferred	200	76	78	75
North American	1,000	20	20	20
Do preferred	15,000	100	100	100
Pacific Mail	1,200	22	21	21
Pennsylvania	9,000	87	87	87
Do preferred	1,000	87	87	87

autumn strain. The heavy liquidation in Wall	P. C. C. and St. L.	200	63½	63½	63½
street and tremendous short selling which has	Pressed Steel Car.	700	197½	181½	181½
lately been in evidence should have brought the	Do preferred	.....	.....	.....	150
market to low figures or near that point at	Pullman Pal. Car.	.....	90	87½	88½
least for the present.—(Post & Flagg to John	Reading	118,700	.....	.....	77
W. & D. S. Green,	Do lat pref.	.....	74	74	73½
	Do 2d pref.	100	74	74	73½
	Republic Steel	1,460	183½	183½	184½
	Do preferred	600	68	67	68

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.			
Rock Island Co.	3,200	10	14 1/2
Do preferred			41 1/2
St. L. & S. W. 30 pr	800	31 1/2	30 1/2
St. L. Southwest.			26
Do preferred			35 1/2
Rocky Mountain Pacific	14,200	7 1/4	7 1/4
Do preferred			108 1/2
Southern Ry. Co.	400	108 1/2	108 1/2
Do preferred			46
St. Paul & Northern Pac.	300	47	46 1/2
St. Louis & S. I.	10	38	38
Tenn. Ry. Co.	1,200	22 1/2	22 1/2
Union Pacific	1,200	22 1/2	22 1/2

merchandise bills \$4,822,643.94. Bar silver 92½%	T. B. L. and W.	200	43	42½	119
Mexican dollars 45¢. Government bonds 45¢.	Union Pacific.....	106,800	122	118½	119
Railroad bonds weak.	Do preferred.....	200	80½	80½	82
The uneasy feeling which has been gathering	U. S. Express.....	200	82	82	82
in the stock market during the week was enu-	U. S. Realty.....	200	23	22½	23
merated in a sharp spasm of liquidation, and	U. S. Rubber.....	200	83	81½	84
the result of a realization that the trading	U. S. Steel.....	68,900	24½	24½	24
publication of an alleged order issued by	Do preferred.....	31,200	87	87	87
E. H. Harriman for the cutting down of ex-	Western Union.....	200	17	17	16½
change rates.	Do preferred.....	200	90	87	88
	Do.....	200	81	81	81

Wells Fargo Exp.	8.00	16	15%	16%
Western Union Elec.	100	112	110	110
Western Union	200	70	69	67
W. & L. E.	100	74	74	74
Worthington	100	37	37	38
Do preferred.	100	37	37	38
Total sales for the day,	625,200 shares.			

*Offered.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Oct. 12.—Bonds were weak. Total sales (par value), \$1,242,000. U. S. 2s registered have declined $\frac{1}{4}$, the coupons $\frac{1}{4}$, and the 4½ per cent. on call during the week.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

and the lack of any bids in the market; in some instances necessitating heavy sacrifices and violent declines. It was believed that the insurance were being forced upon the market at a sacrifice and support was apparently withdrawn until the wave of liquidation should have spent its force. The uncovered bids furnished the principal source of the demand and they bought freely to reap the large profits	<p>U. S. Bonds.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Refunding 6s registered.</td> <td>165 1/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Do coupon.</td> <td>165 1/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Do coupon.</td> <td>165 1/4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>23 Registered.</td> <td>101 1/8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Do coupon.</td> <td>102 1/8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>New 4s registered.</td> <td>102 1/8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Do coupon.</td> <td>103</td> </tr> </table> <p>Miscellaneous Bonds.</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>American Tobacco 4s.</td> <td>62</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Do 6s.</td> <td>154 1/2</td> </tr> </table>	Refunding 6s registered.	165 1/4	Do coupon.	165 1/4	Do coupon.	165 1/4	23 Registered.	101 1/8	Do coupon.	102 1/8	New 4s registered.	102 1/8	Do coupon.	103	American Tobacco 4s.	62	Do 6s.	154 1/2
Refunding 6s registered.	165 1/4																		
Do coupon.	165 1/4																		
Do coupon.	165 1/4																		
23 Registered.	101 1/8																		
Do coupon.	102 1/8																		
New 4s registered.	102 1/8																		
Do coupon.	103																		
American Tobacco 4s.	62																		
Do 6s.	154 1/2																		

The small loss in cash disclosed in the bank statement was in accordance with expectations, and the reduction of deposit liabilities by the loan contraction was sufficient to yield a net increase in the surplus showing of comfortable proportions. With rates for money at 4 per cent, and for mercantile paper above 5 per cent, however, and with premiums in many cases which add substantially to the rate, the stringency of	<div> <div></div> <div> <div></div> <div></div> </div> </div>
Do adjustment 4s.	25 1/2
Archden convertible 4s.	101 1/2
Do 5s.	101 1/2
Atlantic Coast Line 4s.	88
Baltimore and Ohio 4s.	88
Do 5s.	88 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s.	74 1/2
Central of Georgia 3s.	122 1/2
Do 4s.	122 1/2
Do second income.	95
Do third income.	95
Chesapeake and Ohio 4 1/2s.	88

Chicago and Alton 3 1/2%	x24 1/2
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4% ..	63
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4% ..	65 1/2
Do collateral 5%	59

Did the Cold Snap Catch You Without a Fall Overcoat?

If it did, we can catch you with ONE of the many we can show you, at \$10 to \$30.

Topcoats or medium-lengths; plain, solid colors or something just as ultra as they make 'em.

Our ELBEE and the HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX goods—best in the world—exclusively here.

LEVV'S Third and Market

Members Retail Merchants' Ass'n. Refundable until Dec. 14.

Courier-Journal.

ALFRED PRINTING CO. TRADES UNION COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

MONDAY, OCT. 14, 1907

CITY FEATURES.

Lincoln Savings Bank to share profits with depositors. Get our booklet explaining mutual feature.

BIRTHS EXCEED DEATHS

REPORT SHOWS NINETY-EIGHT AGAINST SIXTY-SIX.

Tuberculosis Fatal To Seven In Week, Heart Disease To Six, Violence To Ten.

Births which occurred in Louisville during the week that came to a close Friday, October 10, exceeded deaths by thirty-two. The total number of births was ninety-eight, while the total number of deaths was sixty-six.

Seven persons died of tuberculosis during the week, six died of heart disease, and five died of Bright's disease. Ten persons came to their death by violence.

The report in full for the week, as prepared by Dr. M. K. Allen, Health Officer, follows:

CAUSE OF DEATH.

Typhoid fever	1	Obstruction of intestines	1
Dysentery	1	Cholera	1
Scrub typhus	1	Peritonitis of liver	1
Septicemia	1	Peritonitis (non-purulent)	1
Tuberculosis of lungs	7	Acute nephritis	1
Abdominal tuberculosis	1	Brain disease	1
Cholera	1	Brain disease	1
Tuberculosis of other organs	1	Brain disease	1
Cancer of intestines	1	Suicide by poison	1
Cancer of stomach	1	Suicide by cutting	1
Cancer of breast	1	Fractures	1
Acute articular rheumatism	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Alcoholism	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Apoplexy	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Stroke	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Tetanus	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Cholera	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Hemorrhage (except of lungs)	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Empyema	1	Fractures and dislocations	1
Infantile paralysis	1	Fractures and dislocations	1

SIXTY YEARS OLD

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES AT ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Building Renovated Inside and Out and Congregation Now Happily Housed.

In celebration of its sixtieth anniversary, the St. Paul's Evangelical church, Jefferson street, near Thirteenth street, held appropriate services yesterday.

The Rev. W. A. Bombardier, of Owensboro, delivered the sermon at the morning services, which were conducted in German, at 9:30 o'clock. A splendid musical program was given, with Miss Blanche Kahler as the organist and Richard Schell as the conductor.

Yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock services were conducted for the Sunday-school in English. Interesting talks were made by the Rev. E. W. Halpern, of the same church, president of the Indiana State Sunday-school Union, and the Rev. T. F. John, of Louisville.

The evening services were conducted in English at 7:30 o'clock. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. E. G. Kuenzler, of New Albany; C. Held, of Louisville, and several other Evangelical ministers.

For the jubilee the entire church and Sunday-school interior has been renovated at an expense of about \$2,000. All the services were well attended. Yesterday marked the reopening of the church after an enforced absence of the congregation for about two months.

St. Peter's Evangelical church was founded on August 22, 1847, the Rev. John C. Schell, president of the church, and the Rev. T. F. John, of Louisville.

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LOVING TRIBUTE

Paid To Memory of Mrs. Susan M. Warner.

PEOPLE IN ALL WALKS OF LIFE FOLLOW BODY TO GRAVE.

LITTLE CHILDREN SHED TEARS OVER LOSS OF PROTECTOR.

SIMPLE FUNERAL SERVICES.

In a simple, unostentatious manner, so characteristic of her life's labor of love for fellow-man and the comfort of the unfortunate, Mrs. Susan M. Warner, Louisville's most prominent figure in charitable circles, was laid to rest in Cave Hill cemetery yesterday afternoon.

About the grave were grouped representatives of the Flower Mission, the Shady Mission, the Frances Willard Settlement, the Order of the Innocents, all of which institutions have benefited largely by the untiring efforts of Mrs. Warner in her zeal to help the unfortunate and the misguided.

Aside from these charity workers who worked hard in hand with Mrs. Warner during her lifetime, were not a few women whose appearance indicated that their lives had been altered by the beneficent influence of the woman whose body was being lowered into the grave. They watched the secret of their misdeeds when, with the help and suggestion of Mrs. Warner, they had turned their shameful life, buried forever with the woman who had kept them in check.

Little Girls Shed Tears.

Ranked about the little mound of earth was the poor child of Mrs. Warner's Sunday-school class. Tears started in the eyes of some of the little girls as they began to fully realize that the woman who had been such a comfort and inspiration in their lives would be forever absent from their midst.

More only a pleasant memory, the group of men and women, that included every strata of society, seemed to testify more clearly to the intense and far-reaching efforts of Mrs. Warner in her long fight for the cause of the broadest kind of humanity.

In accordance with a wish of Mrs. Warner, expressed before her death, the funeral had been provided for all the poor mothers who had known Mrs. Warner, and in times of need they had turned to her for help. It was a touching sight to see the many women who had been helped by her, gathered about the grave, and to see the many children who had been helped by her, gathered about the grave.

The funeral cortege, which was led by the Rev. E. W. Halpern, of the St. Paul's church, was a most impressive one. It was a touching sight to see the many women who had been helped by her, gathered about the grave, and to see the many children who had been helped by her, gathered about the grave.

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DEMOCRATIC SPEAKINGS

Judge S. W. Hager and the Hon. A. O. Stanley.

Hawesville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Owensboro, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Louisville, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Morganfield, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Marion, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. Princeton, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m.

Judge S. W. Hager. Bardwell, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Wickliffe, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Clinton, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Fulton, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Hickman, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. Mayfield, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m. La Center, Sunday, Oct. 20, 1 p. m.

Gov. J. C. W. Beckham. Owensville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Flemingsburg, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Carle, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Morehead, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. Grayson, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m. Mt. Sterling, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m. Lancaster, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m. Danville, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m. Versailles, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m. Middlesboro, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m. Brownsville, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m. Princeton, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m. Oakdale, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m. Princeton, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ruby Laffoon. Hardinsburg, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Brandenburg, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Paducah, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Kuttawa, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Wickliffe, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. Laverne, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m. Island, Sunday, Oct. 20, 1 p. m. Reesburg, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m. Beechgrove, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m. Whitesville, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m. Staney, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m. Henderson, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m. Bardwell, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m. Henderson, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m. Bardwell, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m. Henderson, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m. Lewisport, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m. Robards, Friday, Oct. 1, 1 p. m. Smiths Mills, Saturday, Oct. 2, 1 p. m.

The Hon. A. O. Stanley. Glasgow, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m. Campbellsville, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m. Warrenton, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m. Nicholasburg, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m. Nicholasburg, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m. Mayfield, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m. Versailles, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m. Lawrenceburg, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m. Hodgenville, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m. Lebanon, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m. Nashville, Friday, Oct. 1, 1 p. m. Shepherdsville, Saturday, Oct. 2, 1 p. m. Henderson, Monday, Oct. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Ben Johnson. Danville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Lancaster, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Butler, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Clinton, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Frankfort, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m. Owensboro, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m. Mt. Sterling, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m. Richmond, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m. Nicholasville, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m.

The Hon. J. W. Newman. Nicholasville, Saturday, Oct. 26, 1 p. m. Prof. M. O. Winfrey and Zeb A. Stewart. Corbin, Saturday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Everett Jennings. Marion, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Lexington, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m. Cobb, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m. Princeton, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m.

Capt. W. J. Stone. Greensburg, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Columbus, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Lexington, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Glasgow, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Horse Cave, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. Frankfort, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m. Bardonia, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Hal Corbett. Hickman, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. The Hon. J. Wheeler Campbell. Bardwell, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Jake Corbett. Cadiz, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

The Hon. John K. Hendrick. Bardwell, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Kirksville, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

South Carrollton, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Beaver Dam, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Fortville, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Vine Grove, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. Lawrenceburg, Saturday, Oct. 19, 1 p. m. Richmond, Monday, Oct. 21, 1 p. m. Walton, Tuesday, Oct. 22, 1 p. m. Williamstown, Wednesday, Oct. 23, 1 p. m.

Balmouth, Thursday, Oct. 24, 1 p. m. Stamping Ground, Friday, Oct. 25, 1 p. m. Bowling Green, Monday, Oct. 28, 1 p. m. Horse Cave, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1 p. m. Adairville, Wednesday, Oct. 30, 1 p. m. Auburn, Thursday, Oct. 31, 1 p. m. Trenton, Friday, Nov. 1, 1 p. m. Franklin, Saturday, Nov. 2, 1 p. m. Southland, Monday, Nov. 4, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Edgar Hager and the Hon. Hubert Vreeland. Paintsville, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m. Salersville, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 1 p. m. Prestonsburg, Thursday, Oct. 17, 1 p. m. Hindman, Friday, Oct. 18, 1 p. m. The Hon. G. W. Penk, C. B. Terrill and Eugene Moseley. Abbott's Store, Wednesday, Oct. 16, 7:30 p. m.

The Hon. H. C. Duffy. Carlisle, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m. Kenton, Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Henry George. Jackson, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

The Hon. Charles Carroll. Carrollton, Monday, Oct. 14, 1 p. m.

CONDEMNED MURDERER WRITES

HYMN WHICH HE SAYS IS ORIGINAL

Sounds Like It May Have Been Copied—Claims It As An Inspiration.

Lord, it belongs not to my care to write this hymn. To love and serve Thee is my share, And this my grace must give.

If life be long I will be glad, Thy love I long obey. If short, yet why should I be sad? To soar to endless day.

Christ leads me through no darker room Than His own death, before. On one into His kingdom come, But through His open door.

Come Lord when grace has made me meet Thy blessed face to see. For if Thy work on earth be sweet, What will Thy glory be?

Then shall I and my sad complaints, And woe and all my pain, And join with all triumphant saints Who sing Jehovah's praise.

My knowledge of that life is small; But I am sure that I am glad, But I am sure that I am glad, But I am sure that I am glad.

The above poem is contributed by Clarence Sturgeon, the twenty-year-old youth who is under sentence to be hanged on November 15, and which he says he composed last Friday night. Sturgeon, who is confined to the county jail, said yesterday that he had written the hymn as he lay in his cell, and that he had written it as he lay in his cell, and that he had written it as he lay in his cell.

Sturgeon, who is confined to the county jail, said yesterday that he had written the hymn as he lay in his cell, and that he had written it as he lay in his cell, and that he had written it as he lay in his cell.

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